Amoskeag Manufacturing Company; Records

This finding aid was produced using ArchivesSpace on September 29, 2021.
Describing Archives: A Content Standard

M.E. Grenander Department of Special Collections & Archives
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Summary Information</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Sketch</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scope and Contents</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrangement of the Collection</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Information</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlled Access Headings</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Summary Information

Repository: M.E. Grenander Department of Special Collections & Archives
Title: Amoskeag Manufacturing Company Records
ID: mss038
Date [inclusive]: 1934-1937
Physical Description: .17 cubic ft.
Physical Location: The materials are located onsite in the department.
Language of the Material: English
Mixed Materials [Collection]: X

Abstract: This collection contains reports on the finances and employment at the Amoskeag textile mills in New Hampshire during the 1930s.

Preferred Citation

Preferred citation for this material is as follows: Identification of specific item, series, box, folder, Amoskeag Manufacturing Company Records, 1934-1937. M.E. Grenander Department of Special Collections and Archives, University Libraries, University at Albany, State University of New York (hereafter referred to as the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company Records).

Historical Sketch

The Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, was a textile manufacturer in Manchester, New Hampshire. Founded in 1838, by Benjamin Prichard, the Company was the largest cotton textile plant in the world during the 19th century. The town of Manchester, New Hampshire was intended to be a model of a utopian factory city, and most of the people in the town worked for the Company or sold items made by the Company. In 1911, the Company was payed $114,753,340 combined to all of their workers.

After the first World War, the economy began to decline, and many workers at the company began to strike for better wages and working conditions. Inspired by the United Textile Workers of America, many millworkers did not show up for their shifts. The loss of business during the strikes and new
sources of energy eventually led the company to split into two holding companies. However, business continued to decline, and the company closed its doors and file for bankruptcy in 1935.

Scope and Contents

This collection contains reports on the finances and employment at the Amoskeag textile mills in New Hampshire during the 1930s. The files were retained by A. F. Hinrichs of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Arrangement of the Collection

The collection is unprocessed and is likely disorganized. Individual items may be difficult to find.

Administrative Information

Publication Statement

M.E. Grenander Department of Special Collections & Archives

Revision Description

Collection level finding aid created by Sheri Sarnoff 2020

Processing Information

Processed by unprocessed.
Access

Access to this collection is restricted because it is unprocessed. Portions of the collection may contain recent administrative records and/or personally identifiable information. While it is likely that portions of the collection may be viewed, access must be managed by an archivist.

Copyright

The researcher assumes full responsibility for conforming with the laws of copyright. Whenever possible, the M.E. Grenander Department of Special Collections and Archives will provide information about copyright owners and other restrictions, but the legal determination ultimately rests with the researcher. Requests for permission to publish material from this collection should be discussed with the Head of Special Collections and Archives.

Acquisition Information

The provenance of this collection is unknown.

^ Return to Table of Contents

Controlled Access Headings

- Amoskeag Manufacturing Company
- Financial Records