

FORTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
PRISON ASSOCIATION
OF THE
STATE OF NEW YORK,
FOR THE
FOR THE YEAR 1892.

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE APRIL 7, 1893.

ALBANY:
JAMES B. LYON, STATE PRINTER.
1893.

1892
STATE OF NEW YORK.

No. 35.

IN SENATE,

APRIL 7, 1893.

FORTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
Prison Association of New York, for Year 1892.

PRISON ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK,
No. 135 EAST FIFTEENTH ST., NEW YORK CITY. }

HON. WILLIAM F. SHEEHAN, *Lieutenant-Governor* :

SIR.—In accordance with chapter 163 of the Laws of 1846 we have the honor to present herewith the forty-eighth annual report of the Prison Association of New York, and to respectfully request that you will lay the same before the Legislature.

Respectfully yours,

CHARLTON T. LEWIS,
President.

W. M. F. ROUND,
Corresponding Secretary.

1893

OFFICERS FOR 1893.

President.

CHARLTON T. LEWIS.

Vice-Presidents.

Rt. Rev. F. D. HUNTINGTON, W. P. LETCHWORTH.
Rev. WENDELL PRIME, D. D.

Corresponding Secretary.

W. M. F. ROUND, 135 East Fifteenth street.

Recording Secretary.

EUGENE SMITH.

Treasurer.

CORNELIUS B. GOLD, 18 Wall street, New York.

Executive Committee.

CHARLTON T. LEWIS, *Chairman.*

JAMES McKEEN.

JOHN D. CRIMMINS.

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CORRESPONDING MEMBERS.

Johann Wichern, Rauhe Haus, Horn bei Hamburg, Germany.
Herr Heinemann, 250 Hammer Landstrasse, Horn bei Hamburg, Germany.

Alfred Davis, 2 St. Ermin's Mansions, Westminster, London, E. C.

Dr. Maurice Davis, 11 Brunswick square, London, N. C.

Dr. Fohring, President Tribunal of Justice, Hamburg, Germany.
The Rt. Hon. the Earl of Carnarvon, England.

M. Ferdinand Desportes, LL. D., Secretary of the Societe Generale des Prisons de France.

Hon. Fr. Stuckenborg, Copenhagen, Denmark.

Hon. Frederic Hill, 27 Thurlow road, Hampstead, London, England.

Rt. Hon. Sir Walter Crofton, C. B., Oxford, England.

W. L. Sargent, Birmingham, England.

George W. Hastings, Esq., LL. B. (M. P.), Worcester, England.

F. B. Sanborn, Concord, Mass.

Z. R. Brockway, New York.

Rev. Fred. H. Wines, Springfield, Ill.

Mons. Bonneville de Marsangy, Counselor of the Imperial Court of Paris, No. 7 Rue Penthievre, Paris, France.

Signor Martino Beltrani-Scalia, Rome, Italy.

J. J. Henley, Esq., Local Government Board Inspector, New Government Offices, Westminster, London, England.

Sir E. F. DuCane, Chairman of Directors of Convict Prisons, 44 Parliament street, London, England.

Mons. Robin (pasteur), 21 Rue Piatt, Belleville, Paris, France.

Dr. Prosper Despine, 12 Rue du Loisir, Marseilles, France.

Dr. Guillaume, Director of Penitentiary, Neuchatel, Switzerland.

Richard Peterson, Director of Penitentiary, Christiana, Norway.
Herman Adami, LL. D., Bremen.

Alfred Field, President Chamber of Commerce, Birmingham, England.

Florence Davenport Hill, Belsize avenue, Hampstead, England.

Joanna Margaret Hill, Birmingham, England.

Florence Nightingale, South street, London, England.

A. Angus Croll, Esq., Rochampton, England.

William Tallack, Secretary Howard Association, 5 Bishopgate street without, London, England.

Rev. J. W. Horseley, "Waifs and Strays" Society, London.

Arthur Maddison, Secretary Reformatory and Refuge Union, London.

Senor M. Calista, Quito, Ecuador.

Pastor Winkelmann of the Prison Association of Saxony.

Rev. Dr. T. J. Scott of Bareilly, India.

LIFE PATRONS.

BY CONTRIBUTIONS OF \$500 OR MORE AT ONE TIME.

Mrs. William E. Dodge.

Cornelius B. Gold.

Mrs. Cornelius B. Gold.

Walter Howe.*

Adrian Iselin.

Henry K. Mellarg.

Oswald Ottendorfer.

Miss Serena Rhineland.

Miss Julia Rhineland.*

Jacob H. Schiff.

Roswell Smith.*

William H. Scott.

Lispenard Stewart.

Dean Sage.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart.*

Cornelius Vanderbilt.

William K. Vanderbilt.

John David Wolfe.*

Catherine L. Wolfe.*

Mrs. Anna Weorshoffer.

* Deceased.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

BY CONTRIBUTIONS OF \$100 AT ONE TIME.

George B. Archer.
William H. Aspinwall.*
William B. Astor.*
J. J. Astor.*
Mrs. Caroline W. Astor.
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R. Fulton Cutting.
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Samuel B. Caldwell.
Edward Cooper.
A. B. Conger.
William B. Crosby.
W. E. Connor.
Erastus Corning, Albany.
John D. Grimmins.
J. W. Curtis.
George N. Curtis.
Rev. Dr. Darling, Albany.
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William Butler Duncan.
Henry W. DeForest.
Theodore W. Dwight.*
Edwin Einstein.
Mrs. M. L. Ewen.
George S. Fraser.
Elbridge T. Gerry.
Winthrop S. Gilman.

William C. Gilman.
Horace Gray.
Lincoln S. Gold.*
Miss Catharine L. Gold.
Frederick T. Hill.
Dr. J. G. Holland.*
Joseph Howland, Matteawan, N. Y.
Mrs. Joseph Howland, Matteawan, N. Y.
Dr. Elisha Harris.*
E. C. Homans.
Meredith Howland.
Mark Hoyt.
Morris K. Jesup.
John Taylor Johnston.
James R. Keene.
John S. Kennedy.
James Lenox.*
Miss Lenox.
Miss Lenox.
Pierre Lorillard.
Peter Lorillard.
William P. Letchworth.
Charlton T. Lewis.
Woodbury C. Langdon.
Robert J. Livingston.
J. H. Mead.
Richard A. McCurdy.
Mrs. C. L. McLanahan.
Allen McLane.
Samuel F. B. Morse.*
George D. Morgan.
Adam Norrie.
R. M. Olyphant.
Daniel Parrish.
E. D. Peters.
George B. Phelps.*
Wendell Prime, D. D.

*Deceased.

1892
[SENATE, No. 35.]

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John A. Pullen.
George C. Rand.
Latham G. Reed.
W. C. Rhinelanders.
C. R. Robert.*
C. V. S. Roosevelt.
Theodore Roosevelt.
Henry B. Renwick.
Horace Russell.
George I. Seney.
James S. Seymour, Auburn.
Alfred Sully.
Adam T. Sackett.
Joseph Sampson.
J. F. Sheafe.*
Mrs. Mary Sheafe.
C. H. Shipman.
William G. T. Shedd, D. D.
Elliott F. Shepard.*
Henry M. Schieffelin.
R. L. Stuart.*
Alexander Stuart.*
James Stokes.*
Jonathan Sturges.*

Mrs. Catherine L. Spencer.
Rev. Jas. Saul, D. D., Philadelphia, Pa.
Francis George Shaw.*
Anson Phelps Stokes.
Eugene Smith.
John D. Slayback.
H. S. Terbell.
Seth E. Thomas.
Phoebe Ann Thorne.
Sinclair Tousey.*
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Henry Villard.
Wm. Van Arsdale, Philadelphia, Pa.
Alex. Van Rensselaer.
George C. Ward.
Salem H. Wales.
William Seward Webb.
R. W. Weston.
Samuel Willets.*
Rev. E. C. Wines.*
J. Walter Wood.
William Wood.
Charles B. White.
Cornelius D. Wood, Brooklyn, N. Y.

* Deceased

[Senate, No. 35.]

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LIFE MEMBERS.

BY CONTRIBUTIONS OF FIFTY DOLLARS AT ONE TIME.

John H. Abeel.
W. W. Astor.
Isaac Bell.
August Belmont.
Simon Borg.
W. A. Booth.
Cornelius N. Bliss.
J. Carson Brevoort.
James M. Brown.
Stewart Brown.
John Crosby Brown.
Levi M. Bates.
Edmund Coffin.
Benjamin G. Clarke.
W. T. Coleman.
Israel Corse.
William E. Dodge, Jr.
Miss E. A. Dean.
F. W. Engg.
B. H. Field.
Hamilton Fish.
James Foster, Jr.
Arthur Gilman.
Horace Gray.
E. C. Halliday.
Mrs. E. C. Halliday.
E. Herrick.
James Horne.
James C. Holden.
Thomas Hunt.
Richard Irvin.
Dudley Jardine.
John Jay.
Edward Jones.
James J. Jones.
Alex. S. Johnson.
J. H. Keyser.
A. C. Kingsland.
J. R. LeRoy.
Samuel Lichtenstadter.
A. A. Low.

J. S. Lowery.
Mrs. Joseph Milbank.
Mrs. S. P. Maghee.
W. H. H. Moore.
William F. Mott.
David Olyphant.
E. Parnly.
Orlando B. Potter.
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Howard Pottier.
Percy B. Pyne.
Robert Ray.
James I. Raymond.
J. Hampden Robb.
George A. Robbins.
Samuel Sloan.
William D. Sloan.
W. C. Schermerhorn.
Frederick K. Stevens.
William H. Scott.
Leo Speyer.
John Stewart.
James F. Sutton.
Austin Sherman.
B. B. Sherman.
Cornelius Smith.
Mrs. R. L. Stuart.
James O. Sheldon.
Charles N. Talbot.
I. T. Terry.
Rev. S. H. Virgin.
Abram Van Nest.
Bleecker Van Wagenen.
A. Ward.
Charles Watrous.
Mrs. Laura Willard.
W. H. S. Wood.
E. J. Woolsey.
Mrs. E. J. Woolsey.
W. Walker.
Samuel Wetmore.

1902

LOCAL COMMITTEES FOR CO-OPERATION AND CORRESPONDENCE.

Albany county.

Residence, Albany.—Rt. Rev. W. C. Doane, Rev. W. W. Battershall, D. D., John H. Van Antwerp, Dudley Olcott, Abraham Lansing, Rev. James H. Ecob, D. D., J. H. Hulsapple, Dr. Albert Vander Veer, C. P. Williams, James T. Tracey and James Fenimore Cooper. Bishop Doane, chairman; Dean Sage, treasurer; James Fenimore Cooper, secretary.

Residence, Cohoes.—Earl Z. Stinson.

Committee on jails and station-houses.—Robert C. Pruyn, chairman; Rev. James H. Ecob, D. D., Dr. Vander Veer, J. H. Hulsapple, Abraham Lansing, Matthew Hale, Townsend Lansing.

Committee on penitentiary.—C. P. Williams, chairman; Dean Sage, James T. Tracey, Dudley Olcott.

Executive committee.—Bishop Doane, Dean Sage, James Fenimore Cooper, C. P. Williams, Robert C. Pruyn.

Allegany county.

To be appointed under the new rules.

Broome county.

Residence, Binghamton.—Dr. John G. Orton, B. N. Loomis, E. M. Noyes, E. K. Clarke, D. H. Carver, J. W. Manier, Charles Wilkinson, Avery Cromse, Julius Rogers, Dr. F. W. Putnam, Dr. J. H. Chittenden, H. M. Beecher, C. R. Williams, L. K. Thompson, E. C. Tichener.

Cattaraugus county.

Residence, Little Valley.—Arthur H. Howe, Dr. L. Twombly.

Cayuga county.

Residence, Auburn.—H. V. Howland, Rev. C. C. Hemenway, W. O. Magee, Rev. J. K. Dixon, Charles E. Thorne, Frank W. Richardson, Dr. W. S. Chasman, Mrs. Charlotte C. Bates, Mrs. Miles Perry, Mrs. John W. Haight.
 Residence, Union Springs.—Mrs. Mary H. Thomas.
 Residence, Weedsport.—Homer Rheubottom.
 Residence, Aurora.—Lansing Zabriskie.
 Residence, Willowbrook.—Mrs. E. T. Throop Martin.

Chautauqua county.

Residence, Mayville.—Rev. J. H. Miller, William Chase.
 Residence, Fredonia.—M. S. Moore.
 Residence, Westfield.—Alfred Patterson.
 Residence, Jamestown.—Hon. Jerome C. Preston.

Chemung county.

Residence, Elmira.—Dr. W. C. Wey, Z. R. Brockway, J. D. F. Slee, Rev. C. H. McKnight, Dr. Ira T. Hart, D. Atwater, Frederick Mall, M. S. Converse, Major E. O. Beers.

Chenango county.

Residence, Norwich.—Dr. H. H. Beecher, B. Gage Berry, Daniel M. Homes, Cyrus B. Martin.

Clinton county.

Residence, Plattsburgh.—Hon. William P. Moores, Henry Orvis, R. F. B. Hall.
 Residence, Keeseville.—Hon. Henry Kingsland, 3d.

Columbia county.

Residence, Hudson.—A. S. Peet.

Cortland county.

Residence, Cortlandville.—Lewis Bouton, Frank Place, Dr. Frederick Hyde.
 Residence, Homer.—Dr. Caleb Green, Thomas S. Ranney.

Delaware county.

Residence, Delhi.—T. W. Brown, Mrs. W. H. Griswold, Mrs. F. Jacobs, Jr., Mrs. W. Youmans, Dr. H. A. Gates, Mrs. H. A. Gates, Mrs. C. A. Frost, Rev. F. H. Seeley, Rev. J. S. Robinson, James Penfield, Mrs. James Penfield, Adam Scott, Mrs. Adam Scott.

Dutchess county.

Residence, Poughkeepsie.—Dr. Edward H. Parker, Edmund Platt, Robert F. Wilkinson, Warren G. Cowle, Mrs. Mary G. Underhill.

Erie county.

Residence, Buffalo.—James Lyons, P. J. Ferris, Dr. John D. Hill, David P. Page, Mrs. A. McPherson.

Essex county.

Residence, Elizabethtown.—Dr. S. E. Hale, Francis A. Smith, Richard L. Hand, Abijah Perry, Robert W. Livingston.

Franklin county.

Residence, Malone.—Dr. S. P. Bates, F. T. Heath, Hon. John L. Gilbert, J. P. Badger, Newcomb H. Munslil, Julius C. Saunders, **Martin E. McClary, Charles Perry, Frederick G. Paddock**, Charles L. Hubbard, Henry A. Miller, Rev. J. W. Ashworth, Rev. Charles S. Richardson, Rev. W. G. W. Lewis, Rev. I. D. Peaslee.

Fulton county.

Residence, Johnstown.—Jacob Burton.
 Residence, Gloversville.—John Ferguson, Dr. Eugene Beach.

Genesee county.

Residence, Batavia.—Professor G. Fuller, Hon. J. R. Holmes.

Greene county.

To be appointed.

Hamilton county.

Residence, Wells.—G. B. Morrison.

Residence, Sageville.—William H. Fry.

Herkimer county.

To be appointed.

Jefferson county.

Residence, Watertown.—Rev. Richard G. Keyes, Jesse M. Adams.

Kings county.

Residence, Brooklyn.—William H. Male, Lester W. Beasley, Henry R. Jones, Dr. A. Matthewson, George H. Fisher, Henry Batterman, Isaac H. Cary, Alexander Forman, Dr. T. J. Backus, George C. Brackett, John B. Woodward, Dean Sage, Charles A. Schieren, Abbott L. Dow, C. D. Wood, E. H. Kidder, Albert C. Perkins, Willis L. Ogden, Thomas S. Moore, Franklin Allen, Churchill H. Cutting, F. P. Bellamy.

Lewis county.

Residence, Lowville.—Rev. Joseph H. France, Amos Rice, Carroll House, Royal P. Wilbur.

Residence, Croghan.—Hon. William W. Rice.

Livingston county.

Residence, Geneseo.—Professor W. J. Milne, Rev. O. H. Boynton, Ph. D.

Madison county.

Residence, Morrisville.—D. D. Chase, H. P. Meade, Lucius P. Clark.

Residence, Oneida.—W. R. Williams.

Montgomery county.

Residence, Fonda.—Rev. W. Frothingham.

Monroe county.

Residence, Rochester.—Dr. E. V. Stoddard, Quincey Van Voorhis, Theodore Bacon, Col. J. S. Graham, Rev. Mr. Landsberg, Rev. Myron Adams, Hon. Oscar Craig, Hon. W. S. Hubbell, E. O. Sage, Gilman H. Perkins, George E. Munford, Colonel Charles Fitch.

New York county.

The association's committee on detentions and discharged prisoners.

Niagara county.

Residence, Lockport.—M. H. Weber, Dr. J. B. Hartwell, Dr. A. W. Tyron, Mrs. Robert Norton, Myron H. Tarbox, Mrs. M. McGlashan, J. S. Helmer, Rev. Dr. Cushing, Rev. M. D. Babcock, Rev. P. Cannon, Mrs. Burt Van Horn, Mrs. A. L. Dietrick, Mrs. Montgomery, care of Mrs. Robert Norton, William H. O'Keefe, Moses Brady.

Oneida county.

Residence, Utica.—Colonel Theodore P. Cook, John F. Seymour, Dr. Edwin Hutchinson, Charles H. Warren, Edwin Hunt, Hon. P. J. Bridges, Rev. I. S. Hartley, Rev. O. E. Gardner, Rev. Father Lynch, Rev. Charles F. Bachman.

Residence, Rome.—Simon G. Visscher, Mr. Converse, Dr. Dutton, Mrs. Jay Hildreth, Hon. Henry A. Foster.

Onondaga county.

Residence, Syracuse.—Hon. P. Burns, A. C. Williams, Dr. H. B. Wilbur, Rev. M. Baird, Dr. R. W. Pease, Hon. W. H. H. Gere, Timothy Hough, M. W. Hanchett, Timothy R. Porter, J. C. Williams, Dr. E. E. Van DeWalker, James A. Skinner, G. L. Bonta, A. L. Merrick, Major H. W. Clarke, secretary.

Ontario county.

Residence, Canandaigua.—Cyrus W. Dixon, Mrs. Collins Hart, Professor Edward Tyler, Hon. James C. Smith, Levi B. Gaylord.
Residence, Geneva.—T. C. Maxwell, Arthur P. Pease.

Orange county.

Residence, Newburgh.—Rev. John Forsyth, D. D., H. A. Jones, Rev. H. V. S. Myers, John L. Sloat, Charles Estabrook, Colonel C. H. Weygant, Major E. C. Boynton, M. C. Belknap, Joseph Van Cleft, Dr. R. V. K. Montfort, Grant Edgar, William McCrea, John Caldwell, Uriah Traphagen, L. F. Corwin.

Residence, Goshen.—Dr. J. H. Thompson, Rev. Floyd A. Crane, George H. Mills.

Residence, Middletown.—Hon. J. D. Friend, Hon. J. G. Wilkin.

Orleans county.

Residence, Albion.—Edwin R. Reynolds, Daniel W. Frye, U. C. Rogers.

Oswego county.

Residence, Oswego.—Hon. O. J. Harmon, G. C. McWhorter, Hon. J. A. Place, Dr. A. S. Coe, G. Mollison, Mrs. George Goodier, Miss Florence Pettibone, Mrs. C. B. Randell, Edward Lee, Hon. George B. Sloan, Mr. P. C. M. Tride, Mr. P. O. Wright, Rev. David Tully, D. D., Edward Monen, Rev. H. H. Stebbins, Rev. W. S. Parker.

Residence, Pulaski.—N. B. Smith.

Residence, Fulton.—D. W. Gardner.

Otsego county.

Residence, Cooperstown.—Elihu Phinney, Dr. H. Lathrop, S. M. Shaw, G. F. Keese, Miss Susan Cooper, Dr. W. T. Bassett.

Putnam county.

Residence, Carmel.—J. D. Little, James R. Weeks, Addison Ely, M. D.

Queens county.

Residence, Great Neck.—John Keese, W. H. Onderdonk,

Residence, Hempstead.—Rev. William H. Moore, D. D., Ebenezer Kellum, Valentine Clowes.

Residence, Westbury.—Benjamin D. Hicks, Mrs. James Willetts.

Residence, Glen Cove.—Edwin A. Hopkins.

Residence Astoria.—Rev. Washington Rodman, Miss E. H. Rodman, Dr. J. D. Trask.

Rensselaer county.

To be appointed under new rules.

Richmond county.

Residence, New Brighton.—A. B. Brandman, John H. Pool, R. B. Whittenore, Oswald N. Cammann, J. H. Scribner, Ed. M. Muller, Miss H. Iner, Mrs. J. K. West, Mrs. Wm. Davidge.

Residence, West New Brighton.—Rev. Pascal P. Harrower, L. F. Whitin, F. O. Boyd.

Residence, Richmond.—T. W. Fitzgerald, Captain A. G. Hall, Miss Louise Moore.

Residence, Clifton.—David Marsh, Miss Ripley.

Residence, Grimes Hill, Tompkinsville.—A. D. Irving.

Rockland county.

Residence, Stony Point.—Dr. William Govan.

Residence, Haverstraw.—Alonzo Wheeler.

Residence, Nyack.—Seth B. Cole.

Residence, Tomkins Cove.—Walter T. Searing, Mrs. Laura Wood.

Saratoga county.

To be appointed.

Seneca county.

Residence, Waterloo.—Hon. S. G. Hadley, Dr. S. R. Wells, Solomon Carman.

Residence, Ovid.—Hon. George Franklin, Dr. John B. Chapin.

Residence, Seneca Falls.—Charles A. Hawley.

Schoharie county.

Residence, Schoharie.—Thomas W. Zeh, Jr.

Schenectady county.

Residence, Schenectady.—Dr. B. A. Mynderse, Hon. W. T. L. Sanders, S. B. Howe, Professor C. E. Kingsbury, Rev. Dr. Alexander.

Schuyler county.

Residence, Watkins.—Frederick Davis, Rev. George Knapp, B. W. Woodward.

St. Lawrence county.

Residence, Canton.—George Robinson, Rev. James Gardner, H. H. Judd, Dr. J. C. Preston, G. B. Manley, Rev. E. E. Brown, Rev. George E. Forbes.

Residence, Ogdensburg.—Dr. B. F. Sherman, Professor R. G. Pettibone, Daniel Magone, Rev. L. Merrill Miller, Rev. J. Bastow, W. L. Proctor, J. W. Wilson, Gates Curtis.

Residence, Potsdam.—E. W. Foster, L. E. Wadleigh, Rev. George Harkness, Rev. C. E. Bascom, O. E. Bonney, John A. Vance.

Steuben county.

Residence, Bath.—Z. L. Parker.

Residence, Corning.—F. A. Williams, B. F. Smith.

Suffolk county.

Residence, Riverhead.—Dr. K. H. Benjamin, Thomas Cook, G. O. Wells.

Sullivan county.

Residence, Monticello.—James Strong.

Residence, Grahamville.—Dr. J. M. La Moree.

Tioga county.

Residence, Owego.—Hon. William Smyth, A. Abel, V. N. Russell, G. B. Goodrich, A. Coburn, H. D. Pinney.

Tompkins county.

Residence, Ithaca.—Professor Ziba H. Potter, Professor James Law, Professor William D. Wilson, Marcus Lyon, Orange P. Hyde.

Ulster county.

Residence, Kingston.—Hon. James G. Lindsley, Mrs. Mary J. W. Reynolds, F. W. Westbrook, S. D. Hood, Rev. I. T. Watson, Augustus W. Reynolds.

Residence, New Paltz.—C. W. Deyo.

Residence, Saugerties.—W. H. Sheffield.

Residence, Rosendale.—Rev. John Gleason.

Warren county.

Residence, Lake George.—Samuel R. Archibald, Francis G. Crosby, Elias S. Harris, Dr. W. R. Adamson.

Washington county.

Residence, Salem.—James Blashford, C. R. Hawley.

Wayne county.

Residence, Lyons.—John L. Cole, William Van Master, Charles Ennis.

Residence, Palmyra.—Isaac C. Bronson, Dr. Samuel Ingraham, A. S. Niles, Mrs. Horace Eaton, George G. Jessup.

Residence, Arcadia.—Rev. Park Burgess.

Residence, Walworth.—Hon. Lucien T. Youmans.

Westchester county.

Residence, White Plains.—Dr. H. E. Schmid, Mrs. J. O. Dyckman, M. Prudhomme, Rev. F. V. Van Kleeck.

Residence, Sing Sing.—Dr. G. J. Fisher, Mrs. Catherine E. Van Cortland, L. G. Bostwick, S. G. Howe, Miss E. Roe, Rev. N. T. Everts.

Wyoming county.

Residence, Warsaw.—Hon. Augustus Frank, Rev. L. E. Nassau.

Yates county.

Residence, Penn Yan.—Joseph F. Crosby, William F. Van Tuyl, D. A. Ogden.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER

TO THE

Prison Association of New York for the Year Ending
October 31, 1892.

Dr.

Donations	\$4,322 50
New York State Reformatory	600 00
Rents	587 00
Board of estimate and apportionment.....	300 00
Balance in Mechanics' National Bank October 31, 1891	149 33
	\$5,958 83

Cr.

Expense of agency in New York city for discharged convicts and persons under arrest.....	\$2,656 91
Expenses of State organization, prison and jail inspection and county work [including \$758.33 of arrears of 1891]	2,323 61
Interest on \$6,500 mortgage on No. 135 East Fifteenth street.....	325 00
Taxes and water rents on No. 135 East Fifteenth street	210 90
House expenses	408 11
Balance in Mechanics' National Bank October 31, 1892	34 30
	\$5,958 83

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[SENATE, No. 35.]

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Amounts owing by the association.

For State organization, prison and jail inspection, etc.,	\$1,533 33
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Amounts due to the association.

From Burnham Industrial Farm.....	\$960 00
From others, for rent	18 00

CORNELIUS B. GOLD,
Treasurer.

We certify that we have examined the accounts and vouchers
of Cornelius B. Gold, treasurer, and find them correct.

LISPENARD STEWART,

FRED G. LEE,

Auditing Committee.

NEW YORK, December 21, 1892.

DONATIONS.

"A. B.," Warwick, N. Y.....	\$1 00
Mrs. Helen L. Deas	5 00
Miss M. H. Dehon	10 00
Benwick B. Knox	5 00
First Presbyterian church, Greenport, N. Y.....	12 50
Mrs. M. Mitchell	5 00
Anonymous	10 00
F. A. Ferris	10 00
John L. Dudley	10 00
Murray fund	25 00
"J. B. C.," in memoriam	10 00
Anna C. Alden	10 00
Alice Keteltas	15 00
Mrs. D. B. Van Emburgh	5 00
Rev. D. Stuart Dodge.....	10 00
J. R. Planten	10 00
Mrs. W. E. Dodge	10 00
H. B. Renwick	100 00
Charles D. Smith, M. D	10 00
Henry Hun	5 00
Thomas H. Hubbard	20 00
Wm. Alexander Smith	10 00
Anna M. Cox	5 00
Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D.....	10 00
James J. Goodwin	25 00
John Sinclair	10 00
John Taylor Johnston	100 00
M. D. Delafield	5 00
Edward Baldwin	5 00
Charles W. Ogden	10 00
Mrs. J. W. Minturn	10 00

1872

[SENATE, No. 35.]

23

Mrs. J. D. Ogden	\$10 00
H. F. Spaulding	25 00
Archer V. Pancoast	10 00
John J. McCook	10 00
Mrs. George A. Crocker	5 00
C. B. Jennings	10 00
Mrs. George H. Warren	10 00
William Colgate	25 00
R. Fulton Cutting	50 00
John S. Kennedy	100 00
Byam K. Stevens	10 00
William D. Barbour	25 00
George N. Curtis	50 00
Mrs. A. E. Price	5 00
Cornelius B. Gold	100 00
M. H. Arnot	10 00
Oscar Craig	10 00
Edward H. Noice	2 00
"In His name"	10 00
Dean Sage	100 00
D. H. McAlpin.....	25 00
William R. Stewart.....	10 00
Mrs. P. A. Porter.....	25 00
"G. E. M."	25 00
Adrian Iselin	100 00
Mrs. Henry V. Parsell	10 00
Francis Lynde Stetson	10 00
Mrs. William T. Shedd.....	10 00
Sarah J. Gray.....	5 00
H. K. McHarg.....	100 00
Z. R. Brockway.....	10 00
William P. Letchworth.....	25 00
John E. Parsons.....	10 00
Mrs. W. Wheeler Smith.....	10 00
Henry Day	10 00
Harriette S. Barnes.....	5 00
Mrs. Frederick Billings.....	25 00

Helen C. Brush	\$10 00
John S. McLean	10 00
H. G. Marquand	10 00
Victor Gerard	10 00
Rev. S. M. Jackson	5 00
John J. McCook	25 00
Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew	10 00
Rev. Wendell Prime, D. D.	50 00
Mrs. Joseph R. Skidmore	25 00
"Cash," sympathizer	2 00
Mrs. Ann Miller	15 00
Mrs. Frederick Goodridge	10 00
Mrs. C. Cahn	5 00
Abraham S. Peet	5 00
William Hall's Sons	10 00
John T. Lockman	10 00
Gen. J. Watts de Peyster	10 00
H. S. Schwab	10 00
Andrew C. Zabriskie	20 00
Mrs. Walter Geer	5 00
G. G. Williams	20 00
C. H. Contoit	10 00
William Schaus	5 00
R. H. L. Townsend	10 00
William D. Ellis	5 00
Cleveland H. Dodge	25 00
Mrs. Jonathan Sturges	10 00
Woodbury G. Langdon	10 00
Anson Phelps Stokes	25 00
M. Bayard Brown	250 00
Mrs. D. B. Whitlock	5 00
Cornelius Vanderbilt	100 00
Gerard Beekman	10 00
Mrs. Emily Howland	5 00
Mrs. F. Spencer Witherbee	15 00
J. Davenport	5 00

Rev. John C. Bliss	\$10 00
Robert Jaffray	10 00
"Cash"	25 00
Henry Talmadge	5 00
L. D. White	10 00
Ellen Collins	10 00
Thomas G. Shearman	10 00
Thomas H. Bauchle	10 00
Rev. N. W. Conkling	5 00
Frederick Uhlmann	10 00
Mrs. Julia Merritt	25 00
Mrs. Abraham Van Nest	25 00
W. P. Prentice	5 00
E. P. Dutton	10 00
Mrs. H. C. Stimson	5 00
John Crosby Brown	10 00
Edmund S. F. Arnold, M. D.	5 00
Rev. Wendell Prime, D. D.	50 00
James Cassidy	3 00
Frederick T. Hill	100 00
Samuel Auchmuty Tucker	50 00
G. G. Haven	20 00
Allen Tucker	50 00
W. F. Chrystie	25 00
William E. Dodge	25 00
Mrs. Frederic Cromwell	10 00
Mrs. George H. Morgan	10 00
Mrs. J. Blair Scribner	25 00
Rev. W. S. Rainsford, D. D.	10 00
William Einstein	10 00
Middleton & Co	10 00
Edwin Einstein	25 00
Lodge & Olcott	10 00
"In His name"	10 00
William Schaus	5 00
Mrs. Joseph Milbank	50 00

Elbridge T. Gerry.....	\$50 00
Peter Duclgar.....	10 00
Robert Graham Dun.....	25 00
Mrs. Henry G. de Forest.....	10 00
Dudley Jardine.....	25 00
Robert S. Holt.....	10 00
N. Amerman.....	10 00
Robert Halsted.....	10 00
Mrs. George Forrest Butterworth.....	5 00
C. D. Wood.....	100 00
Catharine B. Campbell.....	10 00
John S. Huyler.....	10 00
Rev. E. A. Hoffman, D. D.....	10 00
J. N. A. Griswold.....	10 00
H. C. Howells.....	10 00
Charles J. Coulter.....	10 00
James M. Constable.....	10 00
William Bispham.....	10 00
Rev. Arthur Brooks, D. D.....	10 00
Seth Low.....	10 00
Richmond county prison visiting committee.....	5 00
Serena Rhineland.....	200 00
J. McE. Wetmore, M. D.....	10 00
T. Gaillard Thomas, M. D.....	10 00
William T. Lusk, M. D.....	10 00
A. A. Low.....	10 00
Blecker Van Wageningen.....	25 00
William Wicke.....	10 00
James R. Pitcher.....	10 00
Mrs. M. B. Wheeler.....	10 00
William Openhym & Sons.....	10 00
Mrs. J. Ruppert.....	10 00
Mrs. S. D. Whaley.....	5 00
Daniel D. Lord.....	10 00
John T. Willets.....	10 00
John Murray Mitchell.....	10 00

Mrs. E. H. Van Ingen.....	\$10 00
Mrs. Elizabeth V. S. Winthrop.....	25 00
Charles C. Beaman.....	10 00
William A. Cauldwell.....	10 00
Robert R. Crosby.....	10 00
John B. Whiting.....	10 00
Lewis S. Wolf.....	25 00
Henry J. Davison, Jr.....	10 00
Robert Harris.....	10 00
Laura P. Halsted.....	10 00
Morris K. Jesup.....	50 00
Albert Mathews.....	10 00
Mrs. John E. Parsons.....	10 00
Mrs. W. H. Macy.....	5 00
J. A. Roosevelt.....	20 00
G. A. Sabine, M. D.....	10 00
R. W. de Forest.....	10 00
Dean Sage.....	20 00
Paul Tuckerman.....	25 00
Speyer & Co.....	10 00
James Wilde, Jr., & Co.....	10 00
Mrs. John Wagner.....	10 00
Mrs. G. D. H. Gillespie.....	10 00
Mrs. John Wolfe.....	10 00
Mrs. Isaac Newton Selgman.....	10 00
James Renwick.....	20 00
Harry Keteltas.....	10 00
Vernilys & Co.....	10 00
Mrs. Thomas C. Stonne.....	10 00
Lewis S. Wolf.....	10 00
Robert L. Maillard.....	10 00
William F. King.....	10 00
Mrs. Nicholas Fish.....	10 00
Mrs. Alexander Miller.....	10 00
Mrs. Robert Hoe.....	10 00
Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan.....	10 00

J. Hooker Hamerley	\$25 00
Henry Dexter	10 00
Samuel D. Babcock	10 00
"C. M. S."	10 00
E. C. Bogert	50 00
"Anon.," Glens Falls, N. Y.	1 00
J. Montgomery Hare	5 00
Edwin T. Hiscox	4 00
L. T. West	1 00
Charlton T. Lewis	25 00
Lawrence Turnure	10 00
Edmund L. Baylis	1 00
J. Stickney	10 00
C. H. Coster	20 00
Arnold, Constable & Co.	25 00

\$4,322 50

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OTHER DONATIONS THAN MONEY.

Mrs. Whalen	Reading matter.
Mrs. F. A. Wilcox	Reading matter.
Mrs. Blatchfold	Reading matter.
Dr. E. C. Latimer	Reading matter.
Mrs. G. Collamore	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. S. M.	Clothing and reading matter.
Benj. O. Chisholm	Clothing and reading matter.
Mr. Jones	Clothing.
Mrs. Stonehill	Reading matter.
Mrs. Converse	Reading matter.
E. D. Veiller	Reading matter.
Mrs. Appleton	Reading matter.
W. H. White	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. D. Grant	Clothing and reading matter.
F. R. Lawrence	Clothing.
John Myers	Clothing.

Dr. Halstead	Clothing.
Mrs. H. H. Nathan	Clothing and reading matter.
Mr. Duryee	Clothing and reading matter.
W. F. Martin	Clothing and reading matter.
Anon.	Reading matter.
Mrs. Stryker	Clothing.
Louis B. McCagg	Clothing.
Dr. Andrew Smith	Clothing.
Mrs. S. E. Simonds	Reading matter.
Mrs. Nicholas Fish	Reading matter.
Hospital B. and N. Society	Reading matter.
F. M. Poyser	Clothing.
S. S. Stafford	Stationery.
R. O. Doremus	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. Harmon	Clothing.
E. B. Clapp	Clothing.
Mrs. Lambert	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. Wilson	Reading matter.
J. H. Chadwick	Reading matter.
Y. E. Reynolds	Reading matter.
Mrs. Beverly Robinson	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. F. Davison	Reading matter.
Mrs. L. M. Slocum	Reading matter.
Mrs. Geo. Clark	Clothing and reading matter.
I. N. Seligman	Reading matter.
Mrs. Noyes	Clothing.
Dr. J. Lewis Smith	Clothing.
Mrs. J. C. Kemp	Clothing.
Mrs. M. Crane	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. J. B. Stevens	Reading matter.
Mrs. R. E. Dey	Reading matter.
Mrs. Julia Wolf	Reading matter.
Mrs. A. Miller	Clothing.
Mrs. C. W. Watson	Clothing and reading matter.
Thos. Blogden	Reading matter.
Mary Reed	Reading matter.
Mrs. Hall	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. E. Williams	Clothing and reading matter.

Mrs. R. Tatham	Clothing.
Mrs. Herman Mellville	Clothing.
Mrs. John M. Masterton	Clothing and reading matter.
C. K. Berwin	Clothing.
S. A. Whitman	Clothing.
Mr. Rutherford	Clothing.
Dr. H. Carrington	Clothing.
Mrs. Alfred Dolge	Clothing.
Miss Smith	Clothing and reading matter.
R. W. Rives	Clothing.
W. J. Hyer	Reading matter.
Dr. Geo. G. Needham	Clothing.
Mrs. M. W. Sewall	Reading matter.
Mrs. M. Jones	Clothing.
Church Periodical Society	Reading matter.
Mrs. Davison	Reading matter.
Mrs. James	Clothing.
Geo. E. Sterry	Clothing.
Dr. Carreau	Clothing.
E. Somes	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. H. Mellville	Bedding and reading matter.
Miss Graydon	Reading matter.
Gen. Rush C. Hawkins	Clothing.
R. W. Rives	Clothing.
A. C. Zabriskie	Clothing.
Hospital B. and N. Society	Reading matter.
Mrs. L. Lincoln	Clothing.
Mrs. John F. Dillon	Clothing.
Mrs. P. E. Green	Reading matter.
Rev. G. S. Payson	Clothing.
Mrs. Geo. Church	Reading matter.
Mrs. H. Ollesheimer	Reading matter.
M. A. Davison	Reading matter.
Mrs. Otto Meyer	Reading matter.
Mrs. McClellan	Clothing.
Mrs. J. Sewall	Reading matter.
Miss Florence Gray Riley	Clothing.
H. H. Crocker	Reading matter.

C. J. Gillies	Clothing.
L. H. Martin	Reading matter.
Hospital B. and N. Society	Reading matter.
D. H. Schult	Reading matter.
H. M. Braem	Reading matter.
W. J. Mulligan	Reading matter.
Miss Hallock	Clothing and reading matter.
E. Myers	Reading matter.
E. N. Bristol	Reading matter.
Mrs. M. Dawson	Clothing and reading matter.
Miss Hunter	Reading matter.
Mrs. G. H. Seeley	Reading matter.
Mrs. P. H. Butler	Reading matter.
Mrs. J. L. Dudley	Reading matter.
Mrs. Wm. Dodman	Reading matter.
Mrs. Lancaster	Reading matter.
Dr. G. Q. Colton	Reading matter.
Mrs. S. P. Howard	Reading matter.
Amity Baptist Church	Reading matter.
Mrs. Zabriskie	Clothing and reading matter.
Miss Martin Woodbridge	Reading matter.
W. Schaus	Clothing.
Miss E. C. Fessenden	Clothing.
Mrs. Waldron	Reading matter.
Mrs. H. Reed	Reading matter.
Hospital B. & N. Society	Reading matter.
Mrs. White	Clothing.
Mrs. D. H. Rowland	Reading matter.
Miss J. Blumenthall	Reading matter.
Mrs. N. S. Shiverick	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. D. Grant	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. C. M. Wood	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. Allen	Reading matter.
Mrs. McClellan	Clothing.
C. W. Colvil	Reading matter.
Church Charity Foundation	Reading matter.
C. A. Lutz	Clothing.
Mrs. L. J. Werner	Reading matter.

Mrs. H. K. Brewer	Reading matter.
Mrs. D. Loomis	Clothing.
Mrs. J. M. Masterton	Clothing and reading matter.
Maria Louisa Labah	Clothing.
Mrs. S. E. Naylor	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. J. H. Bird	Reading matter.
Mrs. F. Halpin	Clothing.
Mrs. C. H. Bachem	Reading matter.
Mrs. J. F. Sutton	Reading matter.
Mr. Graydon	Reading matter.
Mrs. Valentine	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. M. E. Bowditch	Clothing.
Mrs. Hadden	Clothing.
W. H. Stiner	Clothing.
Mrs. Ogden	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. A. Stewart	Reading matter.
John Cochrane	Clothing and reading matter.
F. T. Colling	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. A. E. Naylor	Reading matter.
Geo. W. Girvin	Reading matter.
Anon.	Reading matter.
Dr. H. C. Bolton	Clothing.
A. M. Brooks	Clothing.
Geo. H. Morgan	Clothing.
Mrs. Dillon	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. S. W. Wright	Reading matter.
Mrs. J. H. Jaquelin	Reading matter.
N. Amermann	Clothing.
Mrs. B. Drwko	Reading matter.
Dr. J. C. Rising	Reading matter.
R. Halstead	Clothing.
Horace Jones	Clothing.
Hubert Howson	Clothing.
Mrs. Naylor	Reading matter.
Mrs. Van Winckle	Reading matter.
Mrs. R. M. Field	Reading matter.
C. J. Gillis	Clothing.
Mrs. E. Smith	Clothing.

Dr. A. H. Smith	Clothing.
Dr. F. J. Nott	Reading matter.
Mrs. T. L. Smith	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. J. M. Masterton	Clothing.
Mrs. W. Field	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. D. Corles	Reading matter.
A. C. Zabriskie	Clothing.
Mrs. P. Merrill	Clothing.
Richard S. Ely	Clothing.
Mrs. W. G. T. Shedd	Clothing.
Gen. John Cochrane	Clothing.
J. H. Emerson	Clothing.
W. H. Brown	Clothing.
H. M. Braem	Reading matter.
Mrs. F. R. Lawrence	Clothing.
Mrs. Huyler	Reading matter.
Mrs. J. T. Lockman	Clothing.
Gen. Cochrane	Clothing.
E. D. Hewitt	Clothing.
Mrs. M. Julien	Clothing.
Geo. C. Carrington	Clothing.
J. C. O'Connor	Clothing.
Estellu Willis	Reading matter.
Mrs. Huyler	Reading matter.
Robert Halstead	Clothing.
L. Koehler	Reading matter.
Mrs. Hannah Hendricks	Reading matter.
M. Isidor	Reading matter.
Mrs. Allen	Reading matter and clothing.
Mrs. Chas. Bremer	Clothing and reading matter.
Thomas R. Ash	Reading matter.
R. A. Yellowlee	Clothing.
Mrs. E. D. Hicks	Reading matter.
D. C. Weeks	Reading matter.
C. W. Loomis	Clothing.
Mrs. Ahearn	Clothing.
Mrs. Kebele	Reading matter.
Mrs. S. M. Van Amringe	Reading matter.

Mrs. Geo. A. Marrison	Clothing.
F Ramsdell	Clothing.
A. C. Zabriskie	Clothing.
Miss C. Silcock	Reading matter.
Mrs. Naylor	Reading matter.
Miss Kahnweiler	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. J. B. Townsend	Reading matter.
Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons	Wrapping paper.
F. B. Elliott	Clothing.
J. W. Sewall	Reading matter.
Mrs. L. H. Cobb	Reading matter.
Miles	Clothing.
Mrs. Naylor	Reading matter.
W. H. Brown	Clothing.
Gerald M. Swift	Clothing.
Mrs. Otto Meyer	Reading matter.
W. Wilson	Reading matter.
Nonpareil Club	Reading matter.
Mr. Brown	Clothing.
J. M. Shedd	Clothing.
Mrs. Jas. Hershheim	Reading matter.
Mrs. Monroe	Clothing.
Miss G. Kendall	Reading matter.
Miss F. H. Phinney	Reading matter.
Mrs. C. W. McMachen	Clothing.
H. Waterman	Reading matter.
Mrs. L. H. Cobb	Reading matter.
A. C. Zabriskie	Clothing.
Rev. Geo. S. Payson	Clothing.
H. G. Marquand	Clothing.
S. E. Gardner	Reading matter.
Mrs. F. W. Olds	Clothing.
Gen. R. C. Hawkins	Clothing.
Hospital B. and N. Society	Reading matter.
Mrs. W. Stanton	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. H. J. Baack	Reading matter.
Mrs. Odell	Clothing and reading matter.
Mrs. Geo. E. Baker	Reading matter.

Mrs. Wendt	Reading matter.
Mrs. J. H. Jaquelin	Clothing.
Mrs. M. F. Bolles	Clothing.
Mrs. E. L. Flanders	Reading matter.
Mrs. H. H. Nathan	Clothing and reading matter.
A. Vanholland	Reading matter.
Mrs. E. P. Jones	Reading matter.
Mrs. Albert Lilienthal	Reading matter.
Horace Jones	Clothing.
B. O. Chisolm	Clothing.
Mrs. Jas. D. Hague	Clothing.
J. H. Emerson	Clothing.

Charter of the Prison Association of New York.

AN ACT to incorporate the Prison Association of New York.

PASSED May 9, 1846, by a two-thirds vote.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. All such persons as are now or hereafter shall become members to the said association, pursuant to the constitution thereof, shall and are hereby constituted a body corporate, by the name of "The Prison Association of New York," and by that name have the powers that, by the third title of the eighteenth chapter of the first part of the Revised Statutes, are declared to belong to every corporation; and shall be capable of purchasing, holding and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of said corporation; provided that such real estate shall never exceed the yearly value of \$10,000, nor be applied to any other purpose than those for which the corporation is formed.

§ 2. The estate and concerns of said corporation shall be managed and conducted by its executive committee, in conformity to the constitution of the said corporation, and the following articles that now form the constitution of the association shall continue to be the fundamental laws and constitution thereof, subject to alterations in the mode therein prescribed.

ARTICLE I.

The objects of the association shall be:

1. The amelioration of the condition of prisoners, whether detained for trial, or finally convicted, or as witnesses.
2. The improvement of prison discipline, and the government of prisons, whether for cities, counties or States.

3. The support and encouragement of reformed convicts after their discharge, by affording them the means of obtaining an honest livelihood, and sustaining them in their efforts at reform.

ARTICLE II.

The officers of the society shall be a president, vice-presidents, a corresponding secretary, a recording secretary, a treasurer and an executive committee. There shall be the following standing committees, viz.: a finance committee, a committee on detention, a committee on prison discipline, and a committee on discharged convicts. The number of the executive committee shall consist of not more than thirty-five, of whom not more than ten shall be officers of the society, and not more than twenty-five shall be persons other than officers.

ARTICLE III.

The officers named in the preceding article shall be ex-officio members of the executive committee, who shall choose one of their number chairman thereof.

ARTICLE IV.

The executive committee shall meet once in each month and keep regular minutes of their proceedings. They shall have a general superintendence and direction of the affairs of the society, and shall annually report to the society all their proceedings, and such other matters as shall be likely to advance the ends of the association.

ARTICLE V.

The society shall meet annually in the city of New York, at such time and place as the executive committee shall appoint, and at such other times as the president, or, in his absence, one of the vice-presidents shall designate.

ARTICLE VI.

Any person contributing annually to the funds of the association not less than five dollars shall, owing to such contribution, be a member thereof. A contribution of \$500 shall constitute a life patron; a contribution of \$100 shall constitute an honorary member of the association for life; and a contribution of fifty

dollars shall constitute a member of the association for life. Honorary and corresponding members may, from time to time, be appointed by the executive committee.

ARTICLE VII.

A female department shall be formed, consisting of such females as shall be selected by the executive committee, who shall have charge of the interest and welfare of prisoners of their sex, under such regulations as the executive committee shall adopt.

ARTICLE VIII.

The officers of the association shall be chosen annually at the annual meeting, at which time such persons may be elected honorary members as shall have rendered essential service to the cause of prison discipline.

ARTICLE IX.

Any society having the same object in view may become auxiliary to this association by contributing to its funds and co-operating with it.

ARTICLE X.

The executive committee shall have power to add to any of the standing committees such persons as, in their opinion, may be likely to promote the objects of the society, and shall have power to fill any vacancy which may occur in any of the offices of the association, intermediate the annual meetings.

ARTICLE XI.

This constitution may be amended by a vote of the majority of the society, at any meeting thereof, provided notice of the amendment has been given at the next preceding meeting.

The officers selected for the current year, under the constitution, shall continue to be the officers thereof until others shall be duly chosen in their places.

And it is hereby further enacted that no manager of said society shall receive compensation for his services.

3. The said executive committee shall have power to establish a workhouse in the county of New York, and in their discretion, to receive and take into the said workhouse all such persons as shall be taken up and committed as vagrants or disorderly persons in

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said city, as the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, or the Court of Special Sessions, or the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in said county, or any police magistrate, or the commissioner of the almshouse may deem proper objects; and the said executive committee shall have the same power to keep, detain, employ and govern the said persons as are now by law conferred on the keepers of the bridewell or penitentiary in said city.

4. The said executive committee may, from time to time, make by-laws, ordinances and regulations relative to the management and disposition of the estate and concerns of said association, and the management, government, instruction, discipline and employment of the persons so as aforesaid committed to the said workhouse, not contrary to law, as they may deem proper; and may appoint such officers, agents and servants as they may deem necessary to transact the business of the said association, and may designate their duties. And the said executive committee shall make an annual report to the Legislature and to the corporation of the city of New York, of the number of persons received by them into the said workhouse, the disposition which shall be made of them by instructing or employing them therein, the receipts and expenditures of said executive committee, and generally all such facts and particulars as may exhibit the operations of the said association.

5. The said executive committee shall have power, during the minority of any of the persons so committed to the said workhouse, to bind out the said persons so being minors, as aforesaid, as apprentices or servants, with their consent, during their minority, to such persons and at such places, to learn such proper trade and employment as, in their judgment, will be most conducive to the reformation and amendment and future benefit and advantage of such persons.

6. The said executive committee, by such committees as they shall from time to time appoint, shall have power and it shall be their duty to visit, inspect and examine all the prisons in the State, and annually report to the Legislature their state and condition, and all such other things in regard to them as may

enable the Legislature to perfect their government and discipline. And to enable them to execute the powers and perform the duties hereby granted and imposed, they shall possess all the powers and authority that, by the twenty-fourth section of title first, chapter third, part fourth of the Revised Statutes, are invested in inspectors of county prisons;* and the duties of the keepers of each prison that they may examine shall be the same in relation to them as in the section aforesaid are imposed on the keepers of such prisons in relation to the inspectors thereof. Provided, that no such examination or inspection of any prison shall be made until an order for that purpose to be granted by the chancellor of the State, or one of the judges of the Supreme Court, or by a vice-chancellor or circuit judge, or by the first judge of the county in which the prison to be examined shall be situate, shall first have been had and obtained, which order shall specify the name of the prison to be examined, the names of the persons, members of the said association, by whom the examination is to be made, and the time within which the same must be concluded.

STATE OF NEW YORK:

IN SENATE, *May 8, 1846.*

The bill having been read the third time, two-thirds of all the members elected to the Senate voting in favor thereof,
Resolved, That the bill do pass.

By order of the Senate.

A. GARDINER,
President.

STATE OF NEW YORK:

IN ASSEMBLY, *April 24, 1846.*

This bill having been read the third time, and two-thirds of all the members elected to the Assembly voting in favor thereof,
Resolved, That the bill do pass.

By order of the Assembly.

A. C. ORAIN,
Speaker.

APPROVED, this 9th day of May, 1846.

SILAS WRIGHT.

* See section 24.

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STATE OF NEW YORK,
SECRETARY'S OFFICE. }

I have compared the preceding with an original law on file in this office, and do certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and the whole of said original.

In testimony whereof, I have herewith affixed the seal of this office, at the city of Albany, the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL,
Deputy Secretary of State.

[Revised Statutes, part IV, chap. 3, title I.]

§ 24.* It shall be the duty of the keepers of each of the said prisons to admit the said inspectors, or any one of them, into every part of such prisons; to exhibit to them, on demand, all the books, papers, documents and accounts pertaining to the prison or to the detention of the persons confined therein, and to render them every facility in their power to enable them to discharge the duties above described. And for the purpose of obtaining the necessary information to enable them to make such report as is above required, the said inspectors shall have power to examine, on oath, to be administered by either of the said inspectors, any of the officers of the said prisons, and to converse with any of the prisoners confined therein, without the presence of the keepers thereof, or any of them.

* See section 20 in last revision.

By-laws of the Prison Association of New York.

I. There shall be a stated meeting of the executive committee on the third Thursday of each month, and special meetings shall be held on the requisition of the chairman or any three members of the executive committee. The call for a special meeting shall, in all cases, state the business to be transacted at said meeting.

II. At every meeting of the executive committee five members shall be necessary to constitute a quorum.

III. The order of business at every stated meeting shall be as follows:

1. The reading and approval of the minutes of the last preceding meeting.
2. Report of treasurer.
3. Reports from standing committees.
4. Report from the corresponding secretary.
5. Reports from special committees.
6. Report from the general agent.
7. Miscellaneous business.

At a special meeting no other business shall be transacted than that for which the said meeting was called.

IV. The chairman shall appoint all special committees; and no person nominated by him shall be excused, unless upon reasons satisfactory to the meeting.

V. The chairman shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal; and the rules of order shall be those embodied in Cushing's Manual, so far as they are applicable.

VI. There shall be four standing committees, namely: A committee on finance, a committee on detention, a committee on discharged convicts and a committee on prison discipline.

VII. It shall be the duty of the finance committee:

1. To devise ways and means for obtaining the funds necessary to carry on the work of the association; and they may, at their discretion, employ an agent to collect the requisite funds.
2. To audit all bills against the association; and no bills shall be paid by the treasurer unless approved by the committee and countersigned by the chairman.
3. To audit and report upon the treasurer's accounts annually.
4. To invest and control the surplus moneys of the association, under the authority of the executive committee.

VIII. It shall be the duty of the committee on detention:

1. To inquire, as far as may be practicable or necessary, into the causes of commitment of persons in the prisons or houses of detention in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and to adopt proper measures for procuring the discharge or providing for the defense of such as shall appear to be entitled thereto.
2. To visit frequently the prisons under their charge, and to endeavor to improve both the physical and moral condition of the prisoners in all suitable and practicable ways.

IX. It shall be the duty of the committee on discharged convicts:

1. To correspond with prison agents or superintendents relative to the character and trades of prisoners, and to ascertain, previous to the discharge of each prisoner, his feelings, views and capabilities, with a view of making the best arrangements for his future employment.
2. To keep a record of all persons who will employ discharged prisoners, and of their several occupations; to procure such employment for prisoners and applying therefor as seems best adapted to the capacity of each; to hold correspondence with employers; to keep a record of the conduct and prospects of those for whom places have been obtained, that they may be sustained and encouraged with the idea that a continued friendly interest is felt for him.
3. To secure suitable boarding places for discharged prisoners, where they will not be exposed to corrupting influences, taking

care not to have more than one in a place, where it can be avoided.

4. To see that the prisoners are provided with suitable clothing, of a kind that will not attract particular attention.

X. It shall be the duty of the committee on prison discipline: To give attention to the internal organization and management of prisons, embracing the physical and moral influences to be exerted on the prisoners during their confinement. This duty shall be comprised under the following heads: Health, reformation, convict labor, administration and internal police, comparison of different prison systems, visitation of prisons and houses of reformation, and the whole subject of criminal law and penal justice.

XI. One or more agents may be appointed by the executive committee to assist the standing committees in the performance of their duty.

XII. The recording secretary of the association shall be the secretary of the executive committee; and it shall be his duty to keep the minutes of the proceedings of said committee, to record them in a book provided for that purpose, and to give due notice of all the meetings of the committee.

XIII. The corresponding secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the executive committee and of each of the standing committees; when required shall act as the general financial agent of the association, and shall report at each stated meeting of the committee.

XIV. The treasurer shall receive and safely keep all moneys belonging to the association; shall pay over the same as directed by the finance committee; shall report at each stated meeting of the executive committee, and shall give such security for the faithful discharge of his duty as that committee shall require.

XV. The president, chairman of the executive committee and corresponding secretary shall be members, ex officio, of all the standing committees.

XVI. No alteration shall be made in these by-laws, except upon notice of the proposed amendment given at a previous meeting of the executive committee.

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REPORT OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

In offering to the Legislature the forty-eighth annual report of the Prison Association of New York, attention is once more called to the fact of a very large body of idle prisoners in our county jails, supported at the public expense, and under such treatment as is not likely to lead to their reformation or to result in any possible advantage to themselves or the public at large.

With the exception of New York and Kings county, a stipulated sum per week is paid by the county for the board of prisoners. The average of this is three dollars and forty-five cents in the fifty-eight counties, a sum larger than is paid by the average mechanic for board alone, and in almost every one of the counties the sheriff has light, heat and attendance furnished, and has no outgo for rent. There has been an average of seventy-four persons in each jail during the year, and the total cost for sustenance alone for this great number of prisoners reaches very nearly \$800,000, to which must be added the jailor's fees for "locking and unlocking" the enormous amount represented in the plant, cost of arrests, court fees, etc.

In all there have been arrested and taken to the county jails during the year past 27,627 persons, and a permanent population of more than 4,000 withdrawn from labor, in demoralizing idleness, with every possible facility for criminal association and contamination. And society is no wise the better, but, on the whole, decidedly the worse. It is pretty generally agreed by penologists that beyond the mere temporary protection afforded by the isolation of these prisoners—and very many of them would be quite harmless if at large—there is no deterrent effect in short sentences in the county jails, at enormous expense, and that, all things considered, society would be no worse off if there was a general jail delivery, with the exception of such prisoners

STATISTICAL TABLE NO. 1 — (Continued).

COUNTY.	Total number of prisoners confined in county jail during the year 1907.	Highest number confined at any one time.	Finest number confined at any one time.	What labor is in country jail?	Is the separation of old and young offenders in male and females adequate?	What changes have been made in the structure during the past year?	Is a jailkeeper employed?	How long has he been there?
Ontario	478	9	9	None	Yes.	None	Yes.	3 months.
Orange	600	21	11	"	"	"	"	1 month.
Orleans	400	15	15	"	"	"	"	1 month.
Ontario	396	25	15	"	No.	Repaired windows and cells; new steel cells.	Yes.	2 years.
Orleans	567	25	15	None	No.	None	"	"
Queens	406	25	15	None	No.	Sanitary improvements; separate for children.	Yes.	2 "
Richmond	431	69	41	None	Yes.	New door.	Yes.	1 "
Saratoga	37	15	15	"	"	None	"	"
Schenectady	34	15	15	"	"	Water supply; sanitary improvements.	Yes.	1 year.
Schoharie	27	15	15	None	"	None	"	6 months
St. Lawrence	100	15	15	None	"	"	Yes.	3 years.
Sullivan	102	15	15	None	"	"	No.	"
Tompkins	100	15	15	"	Yes.	"	Yes.	1 year.
Ulster	64	11	11	"	"	New bath room; inside rear cell.	"	"
Washington	230	15	15	"	No.	None	"	"
Westchester	100	15	15	"	Yes.	New cement floor.	"	"
Westchester	225	11	11	"	"	"	"	"
Yates	151	11	11	"	Yes.	"	Yes.	1 year.

* Estimated.

STATISTICAL TABLE NO. 1 — (Continued).

COUNTY.	County cost per week for the care of prisoners in jail.	Does the inmate bring and keep his own clothes?	How many escapes from jail last year?	Expenses of releasing escaped prisoners.	Name of sheriff.	Name of jailkeeper.	What changes do you suggest in jail?
Albany	72	No.	No.	\$35 00	John F. Gheen	Thomas J. Gliboff	Entire new structure.
Albany	62	No.	None.	10 00	N. B. Sherman	None	None except to build a new jail.
Albany	75	Yes.	None.	"	Frank P. Osterman	None	New jail occupied January 1, 1908.
Cattaraugus	50	No.	None.	"	John J. Jerner	George Smith	Adding to new structure, the present one was built in 1870.
Cattaraugus	50	No.	None.	"	C. J. Wesley	Charles J. Jerner	past 10 years have recommended new jail.
Cattaraugus	50	No.	None.	"	Charles J. Jerner	George Smith	New jail.
Chemung	32	No.	None.	"	John J. Jerner	Charles C. Adams	New jail.
Chemung	30	Yes.	None.	"	Edward A. Kelly	Norman Koschfelder	New jail.
Chemung	30	Yes.	None.	"	F. W. Stockbridge	John J. Jerner	New jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	W. H. Elliott	None	New story put on jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	John Byrne	None	New jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	A. A. Egan	A. Lavin	New jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	Charles Palmer	Charles Palmer	New jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	Frank S. Jolley	Charles Palmer	New jail.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	John J. Jerner	John B. Nesselthil	New cells, bath room, etc.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	3 00	John J. Jerner	Hugh Call	Cells should be enlarged.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	Levi Washburn	W. H. Saxe	New jail.
Chemung	30	Yes.	None.	"	John J. Murphy	John J. Murphy	Enlargement and running water path.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	Charles Gungler	James Schermerhorn	New locks and steel bars.
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	Thomas Lable	Thomas Lable	
Chemung	30	No.	None.	"	John J. Gorman	Thomas Dunlap	
Chemung	30	Yes.	None.	None.	William D. Engman	William D. Engman	

* Estimated.

[Senate, No. 35.]

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STATISTICAL TABLE No. 1 — (Concluded).

COUNTY.	What does it cost year for the care of prisoners in jail?	Does this include light in jail?	How many escapes from jail last year?	Expense of prisoners escaped.	Name of sheriff.	Name of jailkeeper.	What changes do you suggest in jail?
Ondara.....	\$8 45	No.	1	None.	John C. Schreiber.....	Lewis S. Hamauer.....	Prisoners should be made to perform some labor.
Ontonaga.....	1 00	Yes.	4	Nothing.	John A. Erickson.....	None.	New jail.
Ontario.....	25 00	No.	1	None.	J. Harvey Alexander.....	Charles S. Beaumont.....	New jail for females.
Oreana.....	10 00	Yes.	1	\$15 00	David Johnson.....	Avry J. Chapman.....	
Oregon.....	10 00	Yes.	1	300 00	Amos Alport.....	Benjamin B. Johnson.....	
Quinn.....	10 00	Yes.	1	300 00	R. R. Burnett.....	Rosee Albert.....	
Remondor.....	10 00	Yes.	1	2 000 00	James Norton.....	R. R. Burnett.....	Corridor from criminal cells to kitchen, etc.
Rockland.....	10 00	Yes.	1	2 000 00	John J. Van Ghan, Jr.....	John J. Miller.....	A hospital room.
Schenectady.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	W. W. Worren.....	David Simmons.....	Separate room for women; table in jail.
Schoharie.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	Sharon A. Van Cleaf.....	W. A. South.....	Table should be rebuilt and enlarged.
Schoyfe.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	John C. Ryves.....	John C. Ryves.....	Have modern cells.
Schoyfe.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	L. H. Wilson.....	John C. Ryves.....	New room for religious services.
Staten.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	A. M. Bading.....	William Hafford.....	New jail.
Sullivan.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	Harris Boscoboin.....	John Beecher.....	New jail.
Toga.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	J. Warren Phillips.....	John Beecher.....	New and adequate of it.
Ulster.....	10 00	No.	1	10 00	Edward Reed.....	George F. Bryant.....	Better ventilation and facilities for proper separation of prisoners.
Warren.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	C. B. Finch.....	C. B. Finch.....	New jail.
Washington.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	Water Thornton.....	J. Collins.....	
Westchester.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	Edgar A. Day.....	Edgar A. Day.....	
Yates.....	10 00	Yes.	1	10 00	William T. Beaumont.....	William T. Beaumont.....	

Richmond County Jail.

RICHMOND COURT-HOUSE.

Inspected October twenty-one by the corresponding secretary, accompanied by A. T. Ripley, Mrs. West and others of the Richmond county committee.

Sheriff.—Edward M. Miller.

Keeper.—John J. Vaughn, Jr., eleven years' experience.

No changes have been made in the arrangement of the cells since last year, with the exception that in the court-house a room has been fitted up at the request of the association made at the time of the last inspection for the entire separation of young boys and first offenders. Since this room has been made it has been occupied by nine different boys. The jail is in very excellent condition. The prisoners are apparently well fed. There is a small library and a large number of books have been placed in the jail by the Prison Association.

Cohoes Jail.

Inspected September 24, 1892, at 2 p. m., by James C. Wallace, Sheriff.—Isaac J. Cross; began January 1, 1892.

Jailor.—Neil Morris.

Prisoners, five males, two females; twenty-two cells, 4 x 10 x 10 feet. Upper tier of cells on same floor with the females. Women must go through men's corridor. Women's cells sometimes used for men. Cells for women made of boards and out of repair. Large cracks in board partitions between cells. A female prisoner cooks for all the prisoners in one cell. No bedding in cells; had been recently burned because of vermin; jailor stated new supply would be on hand presently. Cells clean, well lighted and ventilated. Good closets, with traps and drains in each cell. The present administration has greatly improved the condition of the jail and prisoners on testimony of prisoners. No bath. No library. No religious services. No occupation, except for the woman who cooks for the prisoners. Jail appears

to be unsafe. No separation—convicted, unconvicted, witnesses, tramps and boys are all together. There is not proper separation of males and females. No turnkey's fee. Records kept according to law. Purchases made through the jailor. Unrestricted visitation of prisoners by friends. No regular dietary. Friday—bread and butter, bologna sausage and coffee, at 9 a. m.; dinner at 4 p. m., beef stew with vegetables in season; cost, forty cents per day each. Man engaged to whitewash entire jail once a week. Heated by stove in corridor. Chief of police told inspector that his experience was that nearly all arrests were made on account of intemperance.

Caldwell Jail. (Warren Co.)

Inspected September 21, 1892 at 10 a. m., by James C. Wallace.

Sheriff.—Edward Reed, Glens Falls, January 1, 1892.

Jailor.—George F. Bryant.

Nine cells 6 x 8 x 8 feet. Built of stone, iron and wood. Only four cells can be used. Cells and corridors dirty, poorly ventilated and poorly lighted. Two prisoners occupy one narrow bunk. Papers supplied to prisoners. Closet connected with drain in each cell dirty. New bath tub recently put in. Religious services once a week. No separation of convicted, unconvicted and witnesses. Beds are lousy. Prisoners complain of scant quantity of food. No regular dietary. No account kept of cost of feeding. Jailor allowed four dollars per week for each person. Friday's diet—Breakfast, potatoes or beans, bread and coffee. Dinner, potatoes, meat and bread. Supper, bread and butter and tea. Jailor said the prisoners had all the bread they wanted. Turnkey's fee, seventy-five cents. Records kept according to law. Three-fourths of the prisoners can read and write. No occupation. Prisoners allowed to purchase articles outside with permission of jailor. Unrestricted visitation of friends, which seemed to benefit the prisoners. The longest time prisoner was detained for trial twenty-eight weeks. Males and females separate; but females in unsafe quarters.

Troy Jail. (Warren Co.)

Inspected September 24, 1892, by James C. Wallace.

Sheriff.—Herman Herrington, term began January 1, 1892.

Jailor.—J. D. Miles, term began January 1, 1892.

Present census, fifty-eight; fifty males, eight females.

Thirty-six iron cells 16 x 10 x 8 feet. Safety good. No bad odor. Bedding fairly good. Two double-locked cots in each cell designed for four persons. Beds infested with bugs. Cells clean, but poorly lighted; well ventilated. Ordinary cell bucket with cover used. Chloride of lime used in the cell buckets and drain. Steam heat, electric and gas light. No occupation for prisoners. Religious services every Sunday. No library. Papers given to the prisoners. Dietary.—Breakfast, corned beef, potatoes, bread and coffee, served at 7.30. Dinner at 4 p. m. Tuesday and Saturday, bean soup; other days, mush and molasses. Allowance of bread, five to six ounces each. No proper facilities for washing prisoners' dishes. No separation of young and old offenders. Witnesses separate. Partial separation of convicted and unconvicted. Women's cells on same floor as men's and are obliged to pass through men's corridors. All the female prisoners in one room. Record book not all filled out. Visitors allowed on Wednesdays. Jailor profane and very discourteous to visitors. Some of the employes profane and more or less drunk. In jails like this there is great need of a matron for the women's department.

Schenectady Police Lockup.

Inspected September twentieth by James C. Wallace.

This lock-up is in excellent condition in regard to light, heating, safety, cleanliness, drainage, ventilation and closets.

Glens Falls Lockup.

Inspected September twenty-first at 8 a. m., by James C. Wallace.

Three iron cells, size 10 x 9 x 5 feet. Bedding clean. Heated by stove. Cells dark, damp, and poorly ventilated. Closets and

drainage good. No separation of male prisoners. Screen separates males and females. Cleanliness fairly good. Floor and ceiling and one mattress broken and need repairing. No prisoners at present. Average number two to three per week. Supervisor, D. V. Brown.

Schenectady Jail.

Inspected September 20, 1892 at 3 p. m. by James C. Wallace. Sheriff.—J. C. Myers; term began January 1, 1892.

Jailor.—George Goldfoot.

Present census seventeen. All males.

Number of cells twelve. Size, 6 1-2 x 7 x 7 feet and poorly lighted. Ventilation, drainage and bathing facilities good. Bedding clean. Tin pails for cell buckets. Heated by steam. Safety excellent. Religious services each Sunday. Prisoners supplied with papers. No occupation for prisoners. No separation of young and old, or of convicted and unconvicted and witnesses. One prisoner has waited five months for trial. Turnkey's fee seventy-five cents. Nearly all can read and write. Nearly all had been intemperate. All prisoners together in corridor in daytime. Records in good condition. Prisoners can purchase necessary articles outside with permission of jailor. Unrestricted visitation on week days from friends. No regular dietary. Breakfast, oatmeal and milk, or hash with bread and coffee. Dinner, corned beef and cabbage, or vegetable soup and bread. Sometimes potatoes and meat. Excellent home-made bread used. Portions not weighed, average six to eight ounces. Supper varies according to what is on hand to use. Prisoners look healthy and well fed.

Albany Jail.

Inspected September 20, 1892, at 10 a. m., by James C. Wallace. Sheriff.—Isaac J. Cross; entered office January 1. 1892.

Jailor.—Thomas J. Gilooly.

No material change made in this jail since last inspected. Present census seventy-two; males sixty-eight; females four.

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Number of cells forty. Size 8 x 5 x 7 feet. Cells in the men's corridor dirty, and decidedly bad odor in them. Bedding old and filthy. The sheriff assured our inspector that new bedding would shortly be provided.

Common tin pails are used for cell buckets. Windows were very dirty, and also the corridors. Closets and urinals in open corridor and not properly cleaned. No facilities for bathing. Main cells heated by two huge coal stoves in corridor; others by hot air.

Young and old prisoners kept separate. No regular employment for the inmates. Religious services each Sunday by different denominations. A good library of books and papers supplied by the Prison Association. The majority of prisoners can read and write. All prisoners together in daytime in main jail. No charge for locking and unlocking. Prisoners can purchase articles outside which are inspected by the officer before being sent in. Unrestricted visitation on Wednesdays, except when prisoner is locked up for bad conduct.

Dietary.—Breakfast and Supper: bread and coffee each day. Ten ounces bread for each meal per man. Dinner: Tuesday, rice, soup and potatoes. Wednesday: Corned beef and beans. Thursday: Barley soup with vegetables. This diet is repeated the three following days in the same order. The average cost is twenty-eight cents per day, which includes expenses of cooking, fuel and service.

Saratoga Lockup.

Inspected September 24, 1892, at 8 a. m., by James C. Wallace.

Present number of inmates two; one male and one female.

Average number of inmates seventy-five per month. For males six iron cells 6 x 9 x 8 feet; for females five wooden cells 6 x 9 x 8 feet.

Heat, light, ventilation, drainage and cleanliness good. Males and females in separate departments. Cost of feeding, twenty-five cents per meal each.

Ballston Jail.

Inspected September 24, 1892, at 10 a. m., by James C. Wallace.

Sheriff.—W. W. Worden; term began January 1, 1892.

Jailor.—N. T. Howland; has been jailor sixteen years.

Twenty-six cells 6 1-2 x 16 x 10 feet; built of brick and iron with wood floor. Two persons in each cell. Two iron-clad cells for desperate cases. Cells clean, light and well ventilated. On a wooden platform built against side of cell, eight inches from floor and three feet wide, is placed bedding, which can be removed and platform washed and used for seat or table. Bedding in fair condition, with the exception of two mattresses which sheriff ordered to be burned after inspection and jailor ordered to make any changes required by inspector. Steam heat, electric light and good separate bath-rooms for males and females. Cells for males and females on same floor, but separated by heavy wooden door. This jail is a comparatively new building completed in 1889; all modern improvements. Much troubled with vermin. Disinfectants for each cell. No library. Papers given to prisoners. Religious services each Sunday. No separation of convicted, unconvicted and witnesses. One prisoner detained over one year for trial. At present two have been held since April and one since May for trial. No regular occupation. Friends allowed to visit prisoners.

Suffolk County, Riverhead.

Inspected April 20, 1892, by the corresponding secretary.

Sheriff.—A. M. Dowling.

Keeper.—David Madden.

Drainage insufficient. An open drain in yard under jail windows. The old part built in 1855. A veritable "Bastille" with thick walls; cells of stone-work into which light goes by a cell door not more than five feet high. Dark and badly ventilated. The new part comparatively decent and all parts of the jail very clean. A washtub and other washing arrangements in one corner enables the prisoners to wash their clothes. Double-decked iron cots are used for sleeping, and ticks very clean. The walls of the cells were covered with pictures cut from flashy papers and in some cases photographs perilously near the obscene in subject. Concrete floors very damp. Meals at 7 o'clock, 12

o'clock and 5:30; seemed to be of good quality and of sufficient quantity. There were ventilators in the corridors of the new part going to the roof, but prison smell very perceptible. In one room were found three boys, 14, 13 and 19 years old. One of these, Theodore Bacher, 14, came from Port Jefferson. Had been in the poor-house two years. His father was living, but mother dead; father a drinking man. Been in this jail five months awaiting trial May second. In for stealing forty-five dollars which he confessed he took. Said his father was in jail and he took the forty-five dollars from his aunt to buy his father some clothes at his father's request, i. e., his father asked him to buy the clothes.

John Hardy. Came from Deer Park where he was accused of trying to wreck a train. Asked him why he did it. Said he did it so as to get home. The facts of the case upon investigation proved that he did it out of pure mischief and told his comrades that he did it in order to see the fun. His father a drunkard. Always lived in a mud hut. Mother he says is a decent woman and works out. He spoke of having been in the "Tomb" at Babylon, thus designating the Babylon lock-up.

Babylon Lockup.

Visited the Babylon lock-up the next day and found it certainly presented the appearance of a tomb. In any cemetery in the world it would have been taken for a tomb. It was a loathsome place, without light, an earth floor which was covered by filthy rags left there by tramps and vagrants and the loose gravel that had fallen from the roof. It had the musty odor that properly belongs to a tomb, and this boy just spoken of as being in the Riverhead jail was taken to this place in the outskirts of the town in a shadowy grove at nightfall and locked up by himself. One of the citizens of the town protested and the constable offered to let said citizen take him home if he would be responsible for his keeping. I asked him why the man did not take him home, and he said because the boy had lice all over him an inch long.

The lock-up at Babylon is a scandal to any civilized community. It is said to have cost \$1,500, but simply as a structure without regard to its use it is not worth \$500, and many a respectable tomb in a country cemetery has been built on the same principle for less money.

To lock up a boy of 13 in such a place is an outrage. However, it is not so gross an outrage as to lock him up in the county jail such as that at Riverhead in company with a young vagrant more advanced in crime than himself and a Russian Jew of 19 years of age who in the ways of crime and immorality knows all that manhood can teach him.

Queens County, Long Island City.

Inspected April 21, 1892, by the corresponding secretary.

Sheriff.—James Norton.

Keeper.—John McDougall.

Great improvements made in drainage since the last report. No prison smell perceptible. Young and old offenders kept separate. Considerable labor is done by the prisoners in breaking stones in the large yard attached to the jail. Saw several insane prisoners who were waiting to be transferred to insane asylums. A padded cell was provided for such as were violent. A room upstairs was provided for the prisoners from one day to six months. It had a slanting platform all the way around where the men slept in common. It was scrupulously clean, and there were forty men in the place at the time it was visited. The room is forty feet square and fifteen feet high, with ample provision for ventilation. This plan affords no greater opportunity for criminal contamination than to let the men loose in the narrow and badly ventilated corridors through the day and locking them up by twos and sometimes by larger numbers in the cells at night. There was ample provision for water, which came through faucets to a long sink, and, altogether, the jail was in admirable condition.

From time to time during the year special committees have been appointed for the investigation of abuses in prisons and

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jails or for the promotion of some phase of prison reform. One of the most important of these committees was the committee for Kings county, whose report follows:

Report of Kings County Committee.

To the New York Prison Association:

The undersigned members of the committee constituted at a meeting of the executive committee, March 24, 1892, to inspect the county jails and penitentiaries in Kings county report that they are proceeding with that task in pursuance of their appointment and of an order made by Mr. Justice Bartlett of the Supreme Court.

The Raymond street jail has been examined and found to be in a crowded condition. We have been led to believe that many inmates of the jail are detained there after a time when they should have been transferred under commitments to the penitentiary. This supposed abuse is receiving further investigation.

The women's portion of the jail has been much improved of late years, the old building formerly used for imprisonment of women being now turned into a stable. The efforts, however, repeatedly made to compel the adoption of a prison dress by female convicts in the jail have not been successful. The women awaiting trial are separated by a grating from those who are serving sentences. This is the only attempt at classification.

In the male department some separation is attempted by keeping classes in different corridors. The provisions of the law on this subject are very imperfectly observed.

The jail is tolerably clean; but the condition of things there enforces the position repeatedly taken by the Prison Association that the county jails—except as places of temporary detention of criminals and for confinement of persons held under civil process—should be abolished.

The condition of matters in the Kings county penitentiary is greatly improved since that which existed at the time of the last regular inspection. Employment is now provided for all

the inmates in forms of productive industry. Warden Hayes has introduced a new, commendable improvement in an ample bath-house. An old gas tank has been converted into a swimming bath, steam pipes being introduced under the water so as to raise its temperature during cool weather. Complaints of ill treatment are made by one of the women convicts which are under advisement. We again call attention to the injustice of the present law which discriminates against long-term county penitentiary convicts as compared with those in State prisons in the matter of bounty on discharge. We renew also the recommendation that the provisions of the Fassett law, giving convicts in State prisons a contingent interest in the earnings of their labor, be extended to the county penitentiaries; and we suggest that the association requests its committee on legislation to promote the passage of acts for this purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

JAMES McKEEN.
FREDERICK P. BELLAMY.

Report on the Station-houses.

To the Executive Committee of the Prison Association of New York:

Gentlemen.—The committee appointed to visit the station-houses of the city of New York, report that in accordance with your instructions they have visited, among others, those of the second precinct at New Church and Liberty streets; the fourth precinct, No. 9 Oak street; the sixth precinct, No. 19 and No. 21 Elizabeth street; the eleventh precinct, No. 105 Eldridge street; and the fifteenth precinct, No. 253 Mercer street, in all of which, except the second precinct, matrons are employed in accordance with the recently enacted law. There are two matrons in each, alternating day and night service weekly.

At each of the station-houses visited the captain or sergeant in charge cheerfully gave us, on statement of our commission, every facility for thorough examination of the buildings and the methods of administration.

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Of the thirty-five police stations of the city, in only ten of them are matrons employed, but from our observations of the good results already accruing in consequence of their employment, we trust that at an early day all of them may receive the benefit of such service. The station-houses named above will serve as an example of all in the city, except the few recently erected.

The most prominent defects noted are the utter lack of proper ventilation and sanitation, it being almost incredible that in this civilized community it is possible for such conditions to exist, and that in the very buildings of the municipality itself. It would seem that the city board of health, that is charged with an oversight in these respects—of all the buildings in the city—have been very derelict in passing over these gross violations of all ordinary sanitary rules.

In the sixth precinct station-house there are sixteen cells for women, four and one-half by seven feet with low ceilings, each of them containing a water-closet; all of them occupied every night and including their connecting corridors are without one particle of ventilation, not even from a window, light being admitted to the corridor through a sky-light which we were informed by those in attendance is never opened. In this station-house are twelve cells for men. Also two rooms for lodgers, one for women and one for men; these lodging-rooms are fifteen to twenty feet square with a nightly average of eight to twenty five persons in each. All of these cells, corridors and rooms are heated by ordinary stoves—still more vitiating the alleged atmosphere.

The fifteenth precinct station-house has nine cells for women, an average of twelve prisoners per night with an average of seven to eight lodgers in a room set apart for that purpose; in this station-house there are also fourteen cells for men without any ventilation.

The fourth precinct station-house has fifty-two cells with an average of thirty prisoners; two lodging-rooms with an average of twenty-five men and fifteen women.

The eleventh precinct station-house has eleven cells for women with a nightly average of eight persons; one lodging-room for

women with an average of forty, there having been as many as fifty-two lodgers in this room at one time and all this in a room with only 3,000 cubic feet of air and practically without any ventilation. Surely there is need of an American John Howard to ventilate these unventilated nurseries of disease and schools of crime. One thing particularly noted is the absence of any facilities for bathing or washing even hands or face. There should certainly be some means for cleanliness and if necessary it should be made compulsory. Another thing especially noticeable is the meagre results in proportion to the outlay in the construction of these station-houses. The interest on the value of the land alone at New Church and Liberty streets on which the second precinct station-house stands would amount to several times the rental value of a proper building and land for the needs of that precinct. In this station-house the prisoners average but three a day and the lodgers seven to eight women and five to six men.

JOHN R. THOMAS.
EDWARD B. MERRILL.
W. M. F. ROUND.

NEW YORK CITY, *March* 30, 1892.

General Observations and Suggestions.

A careful study of the prisons under the direction of Superintendent Lathrop reveals very little, if any, effort to comply with the law providing for the gradation of prisoners. After all allowance has been made for the difficulties existing in the present prison buildings, and the difficulties of getting large appropriations for new ones, the superintendent of prisons must still be held as culpably negligent of the law; and naturally the beneficent effects that might have been expected to show themselves after three years, had such gradation been carried out, are in no wise apparent. The present prison law was enacted in good faith, by most intelligent legislation, after much consultation between the leaders

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of the various interests involved, and it was expected that the superintendent of prisons would carry it out in good faith in order that the best results might be attained. The attention of the Executive is called to the neglect in this department and the Prison Association desires to put itself on record as protesting against the further perpetuation of a policy that leaves the prisons just what they have been—great schools of crime, great congregations of criminals huddled and herded together, learning from each other, contaminating each other; great feeders of the criminal class which has outgrown its ratio to the growth of the population.

The beneficence of the indeterminate sentence as applied to the State reformatory at Elmira, and to other reformatories in other States, has been beyond all question. In our present prison law there is ample provision for the further extension of the indeterminate sentence principle; but so little effort has been made by the superintendent of prisons to secure the operation of this section and to make it practicable by furnishing graded prisons, and suitable buildings for different grades, that but thirteen men have been sentenced under the indeterminate plan. Judges refuse to sentence men under this clause of the law because they are aware of the indifference prevailing in the superintendent's office, and plainly say that they do not know what is to become of the men who shall be paroled under the law, so inadequate are the provisions for surveillance that have been provided. The Prison Association will be glad to take its part in a popular movement for a revolution in the operation of the prison law. It asks and it demands that the prison law shall be carried out, and it proposes to fail in no effort looking to that end. It asks the Legislature to consider honestly this great problem of the care of the delinquent classes and proffers its aid and its influence in all matters pertaining thereto.

Committee on Discharged Prisoners.

The work of this committee, as of the committee on detentions, has been carried on to a great extent by the agent of the association, Mr. D. E. Kimball.

During the year assistance has not been refused to any one of the many hundreds of prisoners that have passed through the

offices of the association, providing they were sober at the time of application and proved themselves worthy of help and were willing to work. In aiding this class a very large number of garments have been distributed, these having been given to the association by its friends and patrons.

During the year there have been assisted to temporary work in our building 930. By meals, 1,043. Lodging, 834. Clothing, 326. Steady employment has been found for sixty-two. Transportation home to friends or employment for seventeen. Tools necessary for going to work have been furnished to twenty.

By such assistance as this the Prison Association protects society against the criminal who becomes reckless in unsuccessful attempts to find work. It affords him succor, counsel and encouragement obtaining a foothold in society.

In the department of detentions the work of the Prison Association requires an agent to be constantly in the courts and in the tombs to look after cases where injustice has been done by malicious and unwarranted prosecution and to ward off the numerous irresponsible so-called lawyers who press their services at extortionate prices upon those who are frightened by their first experience of arrest. The record of cases herewith given are but typical cases of the many that are constantly occurring in the work of the association.

Library.

During the last year the library of the association, through the agency of the Rev. Samuel M. Jackson, D. D., one of our executive committee, has been put in most thorough order and a card catalogue prepared, making it a useful place of reference for those who need to inform themselves upon penological subjects. It is the only special library of the kind in the country and is constantly consulted by ministers, lawyers, legislators and others who are interested in striving to solve sociological problems.

In Memoriam.

Theodore W. Dwight, LL. D.

During the year it has been the painful duty of the officers of the association to chronicle the death of its long-time president, Professor Theodore W. Dwight.

Professor Dwight's connection with the Prison Association dates back to the very beginning of the movement for reformatory prisons in this State. He was a leader in the movement that led to the establishment of the State reformatory and drafted the very perfect bill under which that institution has been so well organized, a bill remarkable in all its provisions for the wisdom of the jurist, the great-heartedness of the philanthropist, and with a prophetic clearness as to the dangers and needs of the future. Under this bill the largest and most notable reformatory institution in this country has been established and has become a model for the whole world. Politicians have never been able to lay their hands upon it and no considerable amendments have been demanded in its first provisions. This bill was typical of the whole work of Professor Dwight in connection with penological matters in this State, and more directly in his connection with this society. Few men have lived whose soundness of judgment was more to be trusted. With this there was a greatness of heart and a nobility of purpose that made him the model of a leader in all philanthropic effort. His loss has been a severe one to the association and to the State. Indeed, the whole world recognized him as a penologist. There has been no important measure in penology shaped to the interests of this State during the last quarter of a century in which he has not had a leading part if not a guiding hand. The members of the executive committee of the Prison Association of New York feel a personal sense of loss in Professor Dwight's death.

TABLE OF APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF AT OFFICE OF THE PRISON ASSOCIATION.

1892.	FROM STATE PRISONS.				FROM PENITENTIARIES AND REFORMATORIES.				FROM PRISONS.		Total.
	Sing Sing.	Auburn.	Clinton.	Other States.	Blackwell's Island, N. Y. county.	Other counties.	Elmira Reformatory.	City prisons and county jails.	City prisons and county jails.	City prisons and county jails.	
November.....	9	3	0	0	0	5	18	18	0	49	
December.....	5	3	4	2	5	4	18	4	3	53	
January.....	6	3	4	2	5	1	16	4	4	42	
February.....	1	1	1	2	3	3	18	3	2	32	
March.....	1	1	1	2	3	3	18	3	2	46	
April.....	6	2	4	3	3	1	29	5	5	49	
May.....	10	4	4	3	3	1	29	5	5	75	
June.....	5	4	2	3	3	1	15	5	4	44	
July.....	7	1	2	3	3	2	31	6	6	62	
August.....	10	6	0	0	0	9	31	12	4	45	
September.....	13	6	3	4	6	1	12	4	3	58	
October.....	84	33	33	32	307	19	190	39	640		

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Henry ——— applied for aid on August twenty-third, having been discharged from Sing Sing in April, after serving five years for forgery. He had tried hard to find work, but, being a clerk and having no references, he failed and came to the association as a last resort. As a test, he was given temporary work around the building and taken care of for a short time. He proved to be a good man and was referred to ———, who gave him work at twelve dollars per week. Since then his pay has been increased to fifteen. There is hardly a week but he comes to the office to express his gratitude to the association.

George ———, a very intelligent man, was discharged from Blackwell's island penitentiary August twenty-third, after serving three months for petit larceny, committed, he says, while under the influence of liquor. He had never been in prison before, but his drinking habits had lost him all the friends he ever had, and when he came here he was without a cent or a home. The usual test of work was applied and as he seemed diligent and willing he was assisted to permanent employment. He is now doing well and usually comes in on Saturday afternoons to report progress.

George ——— applied to the Association for assistance and employment after having been discharged from Clinton prison, to which place he was sentenced in 1875 for twenty-five years, on a charge of burglary in the first degree. Having been pardoned by Governor Flower on July 2, 1892, for having saved the life of an officer who was assaulted in the prison work-shop by another convict. He was highly recommended by a warden who had known him for many years. He said he was tired of life. He had tried hard for employment, had got a position, but after having worked two days his employer discharged him when he learned that he was an ex-convict. He said that everyone's hand seemed to be against him. He was given employment around the house, was provided with lodging and meals, and on October nineteenth was given steady employment in a factory at ten dollars and a half a week, the employment being secured through the efforts of this association. He was given some money as a loan, which he offered to pay back when he got his first salary, but he was told to keep it until his next pay-day, when he would be in

better condition to pay his debts. The Christian gentleman, who gave him employment, speaks very highly of him as a worker, and no doubt he will continue to do well.

Charles ———, from Clinton prison, applied for relief, having spent all the money allowed him by the State and being discouraged with his unsuccessful attempts to obtain employment. By trade he was a cabinet maker, and while in Clinton he had learned to play the tenor horn in the prison brass band. He found a number of places where help was wanted, but his efforts to secure them met with failure, because he had no references and belonged to no trades unions. He was put at work around the building for some time as a test, then given a letter to a gentleman in Newark, N. J., who procured him work in a band in that city. A few days ago he called to say that he was playing occasionally in a theatrical orchestra, and that he had a place, working in a leather working factory during the day. When the summer picnic season opens he will be engaged constantly at five dollars per day.

Claus ———, who had served ten years in Trenton prison for grand larceny, second offense, applied at this office for relief June twenty-first. He was in a destitute condition and had neither home nor friends. His wife, he informed us, was in an insane asylum and his two little children were sent away by the Children's Aid Society, he does not know where. The Law and Order Society of ——— would not allow him to remain in the town although that place was his former home. We provided him with clothing, lodging and meals in the usual manner, after he had worked for them, and then, as he seemed willing to work, gave him a letter to Mr. Crimmins, the cable road contractor, who could not take him because there were no vacancies. He was then sent to the commissioner of the street cleaning department but failed to get placed there. Then we saw Mr. ———, superintendent of the cable road and secured him employment. In a week he was appointed foreman over a gang of men and is making from fifteen to twenty dollars per week. He has over \$100 in the bank and is now thinking of starting in the milk business for himself. He goes to the asylum to see his wife almost every Sunday and is

probably a genuine reformed man. To use his own words—he owes it all to the kindness shown him by this association.

Frederick ———, an able-bodied and fine-looking young man asked the association's help towards securing a situation that he might support his family. When he applied he said he had been all over the city searching for work but had been unsuccessful because he was without a trade. Four years ago he was a member of the city police force. Some one on the force recognized him as an ex-prisoner and on investigation it was learned that he had been arrested in his boyhood for some petty offense and had been imprisoned for a short time. He was immediately charged with perjury and after conviction sentenced to ten years in the State prison. In his application for appointment as a policeman he had sworn that he had never been convicted of a crime. Governor Flower pardoned him. On applying for relief from the association he was given a letter of recommendation to the superintendent of a street railway and his appointment as a conductor followed in a few days. He called afterward to say that the association had saved his wife and children from starvation and to express his gratitude for the consideration shown him.

Detentions.

Helen ———, age — years, asked the association's help as she was unable to pay a lawyer and was not guilty of the charge against her. She said she went to a house where she had often worked by the day and rang the basement bell. The servant who answered did not admit her but she went and asked the mistress of the house if there was any work to be done. Receiving a negative reply she told the waiting woman there was no work for her and ——— went down the street. She had only got a few doors away when the servant and her mistress ran after and caught her and charged her with stealing a pocket-book containing money. She was arrested and held by a police justice to answer at special sessions. On making inquiry as to her character we found reputable people who had known her for nine years to be an honest and hard-working though very poor woman. We made a report of our finding to the court and she was discharged.

John _____, age 29, longshoreman and scaman, was arrested on _____ for violation of the excise law, and committed to the toms in default of bail. My attention was called to him on _____, and in a few hours I succeeded in having him discharged. His story was as follows: "I went into a saloon to get a drink, and as a favor went behind the bar while the boss went across the way to get dinner. A man came in and ordered beer, which I served him, and was immediately arrested as he was a policeman in plain clothes. I was put in the toms, and here I am for the last forty-five days just for doing a friend a favor." On consulting with Mr. Lindsay, at the district attorney's office, I found that the papers had been filed with a batch of bail cases and that it was on the grand jury calendar for that day. I hunted up the police and he told me that every word of _____'s story was true, and that he would help to get the man out. I told Mr. Lindsay that the officer corroborated the prisoner's story and the man's release speedily followed.

The attention of the association was called to the case of _____, a young colored boy, serving a three months' sentence in the workhouse for disorderly conduct by _____, an employment agent who has found places for a great many colored ex-convicts for us. The boy bore an excellent character, having been employed by _____ for three years. Being something of a dandy, he was out on Sixth avenue during the Columbus festivities dressed in his best and carrying a cane. He was attacked by a drunken colored woman, and in self-defense struck her with his cane. He was too much frightened to talk when he was arraigned in court to explain his case so he was sent to the island. At our request Judge White discharged him.

_____, age _____, was accused of stealing a bale of hay. At the time the hay was stolen _____ was in a hospital under treatment for cancer; the next day he got out of the hospital for a few hours on a pass, and meeting a couple of men with whom he was slightly acquainted they all went into a saloon to have a drink. The trio were arrested, and as _____ had no one to testify for him or money to employ a

lawyer he was locked up with the others. In this emergency he called on the association for help, and his release was brought about with the help of Judge Smith of the Court of Special Sessions. _____ had been in prison before and was well known to the police, and would have been sent there again had it not been for our intercession.

James _____ and H _____, two colored boys under arrest for larceny in the first degree, being without money to employ counsel, asked the association's interest in their case. On investigation it was ascertained that a relative of one of the boys, a most respectable person, had been known to the association for the past seven years and during that time had been the means of securing employment for a great many men coming from prison. Consequently a special interest was taken in this case. The boys were accused of stealing a watch from the pocket of a drunken man on the West Side, in a saloon much frequented by colored people. It appeared that the man who lost the watch had been in the place for some hours, and during a greater part of the time had been asleep in a chair. On waking up he felt for his watch and found it missing. He asked everyone in the place for it but all denied having had anything to do with it. He went away and returned an hour later with a detective. The detective questioned everyone in the place but got no satisfaction until he said he would take the bartender anyway for violation of the excise law as it was then after the hour for closing. On hearing this remark, the man who cleaned the place up said he would not see the bartender get into trouble when he could help it, and declared that the two boys had taken the watch and that he saw them do it. The officer searched the boys but found no watch. Nevertheless, he took accuser and accused to the station-house and afterwards the two boys were indicted by the grand jury and brought up for trial. The facts were put before the district attorney and an official investigation urged before the matter proceeded any further; and, as we expected, the district attorney recommended the dismissal of the complaint, and the boys were immediately released.

Michael M. _____ discharged from the the asylum for insane