24 Below Zero Outside: Same In GE's Heart!

Remember Jan. 14, the first day of the extreme cold wave we had last month. The old mercury dropped to 24° below that morning.

It was a Monday morning, and GE had the heat down in Bldg. 18 Test all weekend. So when the employes reported for work Monday morning the company couldn't get the heat up.

Practically all morning GE tried to get some heat in that section. But it just couldn't warm the joint

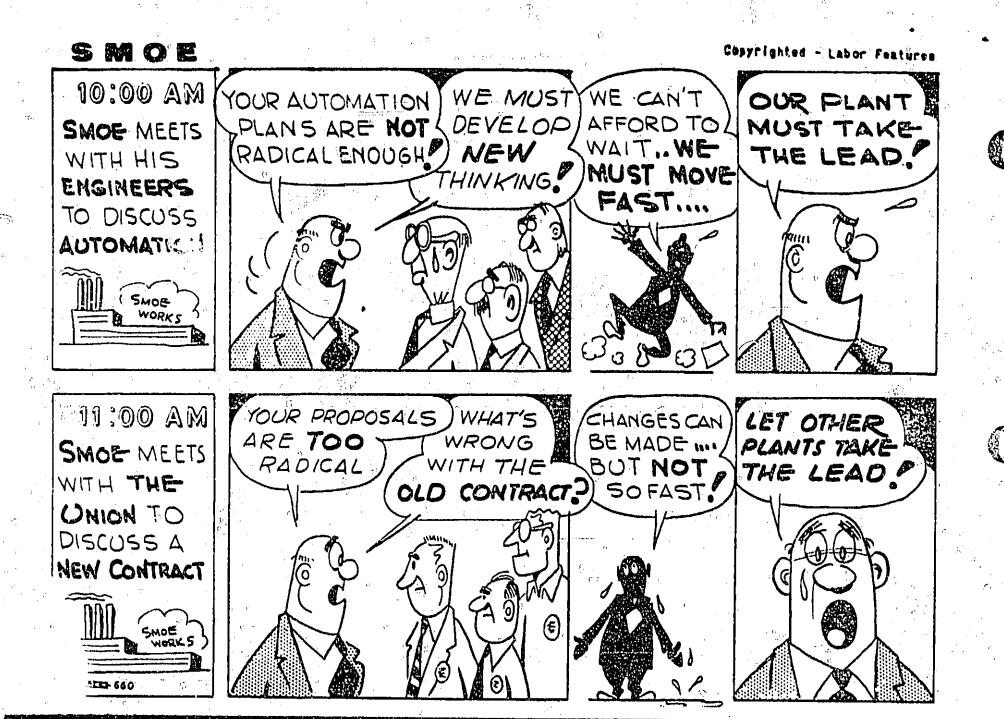
So at 11 a.m. the foremen sent the men home. The men punched

But the foreman crosed out the 11 a.m. punch-out time and marked the men down for having punched out at 9 a.m

Shop Steward Bonanzo filed a

But the foreman figured he could get by with paying the men for only two hours that morning, so he denied the grievance.

Then Coordinator Bill Christman, Bonanzo and Board Member Whitbeek took the case to management level. After a meeting with Section Manager Guernsey and Union Relations Manager Lathrop, the Union was informed that the men would be paid for their full four hours.



IUE-CIO 301 On the Job

Bldg. 52: The group under Shop Steward P. Della Rocco are protesting the overmanning of groups and jobs in their section.

Bldg. 273: M. Gibson and L. Welcome who work in Shop Steward R. Gill's group are requesting payment for the New Year's holiday

inasmuch as they followed the instructions of their foreman on when to report for work,

Bldg. 273: Joseph Polcare and Walter Lewis who work in Shop Steward G. Rose's group feel that since they were qualified Welders who needed no breaking in, they should have received the job rate when put on welding.

Bldg. 18: The Union feels that

there are unwarranted layoffs in the inspection group and is, therefore, asking that this situation be investigated by the proper people and made known to all persons and parties involved.

Bldg. 60: Henry Ladd who works in Shop Steward C. McCabe's group is requesting average earnings for period worked under direct supervision of his foreman.

Bldg. 60: C. Layman in Shop Steward R. Leger's group feels that the proper price for work performed on Thrust Bearing Housing 166D375-1 should be \$80.70. The Union is requesting an investigation into this matter.

50% of the entire thumb, or 371/2 weeks at \$36.00 per week. This would pay the worker \$1350.00. After this payment is made to him in cash he is still protected for medical care, if it should become necessary, for a period of 18 years from the date of the accident. The example of the thumb is

only one example of a "schedule". Each finger of either hand has a different number of weeks of wages of value. There is also a schedule for the arm, the hand, the leg, the foot, the eye and other parts of the body. The principle as to payments for injuries remains the

Malta: The group under Shop Steward W. Zahn believe that the job description of their job adding log sheets, responsibility for automotive equipment, washouts, broken doors and windows, carelessness of prior shifts, etc., together with the regular work of maintaining 23 oil burners and 4 pot burners, emergency lighting 5 generators and to act as second shift Electrician is excessive.

Bldg. 12: G. Vincent and C. N. Villano's section feel that due to ing rate on James Tool Station #656 should be raised.

Bldg. 13: The group under Shop Steward R. Schriber feel that the

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF LOCAL 301, REPRESENTING SCHENECTADY

•	MF Using
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DISABILITY FROM INJURY AND BENEFITS

Bodily injury to a worker who er would get no compensation benwas injured at his job must be compensated for by an employer. his thumb. The measure used as to how much in benefits should be paid to the injured worker does not always depend upon how much time he has lost from work. Sometimes the measure used also depends upon how serious and permanent his handicap will be in the future even though he may not have lost any time from the injury at the present.

CONTROL TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Take, for example, the situation of a worker who was involved in an accident in which he has lost the tip of his thumb. After emergency treatment he finds that he is able to perform his work reasonably well, bandage and all, and so he returns to work the following day and loses neither time nor wages. If compensation benefits in such a case were to depend on lost time from work, this injured work- bone was lost, will probably get same

efits despite the loss of a part of

The state of the s

Provision is made in such cases for the payment of compensation disregarding the fact that the worker lost no time. The law sets up a schedule of weeks of wages to be paid to the permanently injured worker (always remember that "wages" does not mean the wages actually earned but the maximum fixed by law which today is \$36.00 per week). The weeks of wages paid differs with different limbs or parts of limbs.

In the case described for example, this is what probably would

The law requires an employer to pay 75 weeks of wages (at \$36.00) to a worker who loses his entire thumb. The worker who lost the tip of his thumb, if part of the

IUE Local 301 handles thou-

sands of grievances at all levels each year. These are just a few

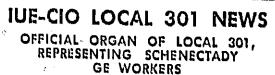
examples of cases, not settled at

steward-foreman level, to be pro-

cessed at management level.

Bouck who work in Shop Steward the increase in job value, the tim-

additions and changes in the gen-erating and distribution systems over the last five years along with the addition of a pumping system and sewage plant have changed the duties of the Elect. Maint, and Dist. Operators drastically. They feel that aside from the added burden of more physical work, the need for greater knowledge and experience to carry out the expanded program of duties should be recognized by the management. They are, therefore, asking for a job revaluation with a higher rate for the job. for the job.





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The Voice of GE Workers, Local 301, Schenectady, N. Y.

February 21, 1957

Union Progress in Schenectady Praised

IUE Local 301's new Union Hall on Erie Blvd., was dedicated Monday night with all the ceremony befitting such a momentous occasion.

After President Harry Williams called the meeting to order, he introduced Rabbi Solomon S. Bernards, who gave the Invocation. Rabbi Bernards prayed that "this building may sym-Abolize the maturity and the responsibility of Unionism in Schenectady."

Rev. W. S. Van Meter gave the dedication, praying: "We beseech Thee to give Thy blessing on this building, that it may help us in our spiritual as well as our material livelihood."



Msgr. John J. Finn



Architect E. Tafel

Edgar Tafel, who was the architect of the building, had a significant message, too, for the more than 1,000 IUE members who turned out for the big night meeting. He said:

"A few years ago architects were trained only to build for the rich. Now the picture has changed. We are building for working people as well as the wealthy. And Unions have done much to bring about that change."

The architect was followed by Msgr. John J. Finn, who delivered the benediction. Father Finn said:

"We pray that Your blessing will be conferred on this magnificent edifice. May this building serve as the crown for Union activity in our city."

For the abbreviated remarks of the featured speakers, see other side.



Rabbi S. Bernards



Rev. W. S. Van Meter