THE FSA STORY (Part Five):

The chart to the right shows FSA at a glance. It lists the major program items over the past two years and the amount of money made or lost by each. Note the food service figure—a near quarter million dollar drop. At the same time, bookstore losses tripled and income from vending fell slightly. Only vending made money last year—and it is operating illegally.

Food service used to be the major money-maker for FSA. Two years ago (the year ending June 30, 1970), it made $221,097.13 in profit. This year, after several years, it has been put back into food service. Instead, it was used to deplete the losses of FSA's "beneficial functions." Alumni Affairs, Free Legal Clinic, Intercollegiate Students, Mohawk and Dippikill, and "Special University Functions," which covers everything from faculty recruitment and receptions, to administrative "such funds." It was a situation that was unethical, if not outright illegal. The undergraduate students on the FSA membership board recognized this fact last year, and under the leadership of Student President David Neufeld and Vice-President Lampert, moved to correct it.

For the most part, they were successful. A Committee on Financial Affairs was formed to deal with the entire issue. It concluded that "each of the self-supporting (FSA) operations should stand on its own.

THE CAMPUS CENTER

The FSA audit shows the Campus Center losing a massive amount of money—$222,298.20 last year. Robert Cooley told the last FSA membership meeting that: "The Campus Center has lost money since the day we opened it," and that the Cafeteria is responsible for most of the loss. That is no understatement. Since 1968, the year it opened, the Campus Center has lost $631,000. The question now is: Why?

He also said: "The Patroon Room should break even and that "Special Functions makes money." (Special Functions are usually dinners or other benefits catered by FSA food service.)

It is an interesting comment because a report issued by New York State Controller Arthur Levitt about a year and a half ago, contradicts it. The state auditors said: "The Campus Center Cafeteria is similar to the Quadrangle cafeteria which have been operated profitably, and it would be reasonable to assume that the Campus Center Cafeteria should also produce favorable results."

"If this is the case, then the losses are the result of the Patroon Room and Special Functions." But that's not what Cooley told the board. And it's not what some FSA employees have told these reporters.

The employees call the Patroon Room "the white elephant of the Campus Center," and "a faculty dining club."

This discrepancy has, of course, cast some suspicion on the accuracy of the official audit. Food service personnel contended that "there are many extra expenses slapped against the Campus Center that management doesn't know about.

These reportedly include additional costs in the payroll charged against the Campus Center food operation which might actually be Campus Center building cost or padding of the supervisory payroll.

Significantly, Ronald Clough, newly-appointed head of the entire Campus Center food operation told those reporters: "If we closed the Campus Center food operation down, we still won't make up the quarter of a million dollar loss.

To put it another way, when you eliminate all direct and indirect expenses, a deficit remains that cannot be accounted for.

There is additional evidence of financial footing.

According to an internal estimate made by food service officials, the Patroon Room served 25 to 55 people a night to break even.

Our information (verified by official check) shows that the average number of customers served per night is anywhere from 10 to 20. (The numbers were somewhat higher last week.)

Yet Robert Cooley told the Membership Board of the FSA that the Patroon Room breaks even.

And last week, Food Service Director Malcolm Crooby ordered all dinner operations to cease, hardly an action to take if the Patroon Room is indeed not breaking money.

Vice President John Hartery, responsible for the day-to-day operations of the corporation,counter-manded that order, claiming that not enough notice was given customers and staff, and that only the Board of Directors can order an operation shut.

So the Patroon Room is now open at night, still taking money.

John Hartery is the man who said earlier this year: "FSA cannot sustain the losses in the Campus Center. If a unit can be proven to lose money, then eliminate it."

Another time he said: "If a unit can be found to be operating at a loss, and the prices can't be changed or the value increased, OUT!!"

Said one food service official: "The operation losses. Food service is a waste of the loss. And food service shuts it down. And the administration keeps it open. Who is responsible of the loss?"

As a further note on the cafeteria operation, students might be interested to know that Cooley considers it to be a service rendered to the student body by FSA. He claims that only 10% of the resident students have contracted for three meals a day. According to his logic, that means the other 90% per use the cafeteria.

This ignores the fact that resident students have the option of eating on two casual days a week on the quad, going to the snack bar, going out to eat for breakfast or lunch (since all residents get dinner; making their own meals, or not eating at all.

Mr. Cooley also fails to mention that this "service," which the resident students are underwriting, is gratuitously extended to both the faculty and administration.

In short: "No one service—the cafeteria, even the dining halls, for example—should be burdened with carrying out the other operations of the FSA program."

Some of the programs were phased out; others were reevaluated.

But all of this reform, it turned out, really begged the question. Undergraduate students no longer have to worry about what happens to FSA profits. There aren't any profits to worry about.

The corporation is, in fact, insolvent. According to its own financial audit:

The bookstore lost $205,000.

Housing lost $13,700.

Auxiliary services lost $30,000. (These include the barber shop, bowling, and the television machine operation. The vending machines, as was showed in a past article of this series, are being operated illegally under present state law.

The final tally shows FSA as being $338,487.39 in the red.

FOOD SERVICE

The trickle of the FSA series will deal mainly with food service operations. It is in this area that students have the greatest contact with the corporation that "serves" them, and it is here that the abuses of FSA are most blatant.

Earlier this fall, we met with FSA Director Robert Cooley who informed us that he was supporting a board increase the following January to compensate for losses in the food service program. He told the October 30, 1971 meeting of the Board of Directors, "For the second semester, a contract price of $750.00 per meal...has been assumed."

This information is contained as part of the minutes of that meeting.

This figure is one hundred dollar increase per meal price set—about a 15 percent boost.

Continued on Page 2
"If a unit can be proven to lose money, eliminate it."

Continued from Page 1

The last minutes also state that: "Dr. Benneart stated that he had recently informed a group of students that there would be no 'shocking' increase in the board rates...It was suggested that the matter of a board increase be given careful study..."

Cooley, in his interview with the ASP, offered the following reasons for wanting the hike:

- Prices were not raised two years ago; food and labor costs have increased.
- The new academic calendar disrupted the twenty year pattern of hiring established by the corporation and increased the difficulty of hiring qualified help that could be dropped from the payroll during vacation periods.
- Stealing and freeloading in the dining rooms continues.

His points are valid, though some of them are open to some criticism. For instance, Cooley admits that rates were not raised two years ago because the campus had been involved in a national student strike and, "We (the management) didn't want to throw the issue of a price increase into a very disturbed situation."

In other words, you don't push for a price increase when students are already agitated; you wait until they calm down. Then you hit them for a boost, claiming that prices weren't raised when they should have been. Some undergraduate board members are claiming that it is not a very logical way to run a corporation.

And while "ripping off" undoubtedly occurs, the prime reasons Cooley pushed for installation of the "cages" that encircle the quad dining rooms, is to make a price increase less likely. Cooley says the cages have stopped the brunt of the theft but that a price increase is needed anyway. The installation of the cages, by the way, was opposed by many students—including the student government president.

But more importantly, none of the factors cited by Cooley get to the main issue.

According to his own figures, every quadrangle dining hall has made a steady profit over the past three years, even after all direct and indirect expenses were deducted. The quad cafeterias have been consistent money makers. The total for the last three years:

- Colonial made $325,000.
- Brubacher made $40,000 last year, and interestingly, the undergraduates who pay for this loss are not even allowed to use the facility. Only grad students are allowed to eat in the Brubacher cafeteria, and the grad students do not have a mandatory meal plan as the undergrad students do.

Food service recently shut down the cafeteria on weekends (at an estimated payroll saving of $2000 a month) and now grad students are complaining about the lack of service. They have to walk across Alumni Quad on weekends and eat at Alden/Waterbury.

The Brubacher Snack Bar also loses money and part of the reason may be the way undergrads are treated. Says a food service official: "Making the Brubacher territory reserved for graduate students has resulted in additional losses in the Brubacher snack bar."

Continued on Page 4

**Where the Food Service Profits Go**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Years '69-'71</th>
<th>Campus Center</th>
<th>Brubacher Cafe</th>
<th>Husted</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Sales</strong></td>
<td>$2,217,950</td>
<td>$275,228</td>
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<td><strong>Gross Profit</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Expenses</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Net Loss</strong></td>
<td>-$559,425</td>
<td>-$72,782</td>
<td>-$60,914</td>
</tr>
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Continued on Page 4

"Robert Cooley is on an island."
Women's Groups Clash at Capitol

by Tracy Egan

The statewide conference, "Women: A Political Force," was disrupted briefly on Saturday by shouting members of a group calling itself Women Against War and Fascism. The disruption came as Betty Friedan, one of the founders of the National Organization of Women, addressed the meeting in State Capitol Assembly Chambers.

The dissident women, most looking to be in their early twenties or younger, continued shouting until Friedan turned over the microphone to group spokeswoman Beth Rodriguez. The audience of women, though largely seeming to disapprove of the disruptive tactics, were fairly quiet while Rodriguez spoke. She read a prepared statement charging that the state has "funded racism and sexism from the people, resulting in welfare cuts. She also called for free day care centers. The protesters shouted slogans including "Money for Welfare, not for Highways." and "Atta-fathers, Rockefellers, Crimes." They also objected to what they claimed was the staging of a conference which poor women could not arrange to attend, even though it was free.

Betty Friedan tried to continue her address, but once again there was an attempt to shout her down. A brief scuffle, of which most of the conference participants were unaware, broke out in the back of the chambers when some conference women asked the group to be quiet and then asked them to leave. The group of about 25 women dissidents left soon after and continued their protest in front of the Capitol steps.

Inside, Friedan resumed the statement of purpose for the conference—the political power which women must learn to assert. She pointed out that "We are not here as a joke to polices this force. The Assembly Chambers) has been turned over to us because we are already a political force." She stressed that if women were to be effective as a force to better society through government, they must be able to transcend rhetoric and work with women whose style and political standing may be different from their own.

Decrying the fact that the State Senate has no women members, and that out of 207 seats in the State Assembly, only three are held by women, Friedan argued that "this government be of, by and for the women who deserve to be here." She continued "men in high places are trembling at the threat of this new non-violent force... All the talent and political energy which formerly was given to men will be given to women...the only power which can keep women from attaining their goals is women themselves.

June Martin, Director of the Central Staff of the New York State Assembly, gave an address on sponsorship, lobbying and the draft of legislation.

The conference then broke up into workshops to discuss recommendations for the drafting of legislation of interest to women. One of the recommendations called for prostitution to be legalized.

Sunday's Conference Activities

Sunday, the conference continued, without disruption, as a school for candidates, with Assemblywoman Cook, Gunn, and Krepak speaking. Congregations of women Bella Alioto and Shirley Chisholm also spoke. Chisholm hopes to form a coalition of women to back her defense. Friedan said that "women are moving in a more positive direction than men... they are crossing class and color lines because of a real gut commitment."
Where the Food Service Profits Come From

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Years '69-'71</th>
<th>Colonial</th>
<th>Dutch</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Sales</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross Profit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expenses</td>
<td>$1,085,623</td>
<td>$993,111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Profit</td>
<td>$325,060</td>
<td>$271,284</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


PAGE 4


We are having a contest! A design contest to see who can come up with the wildest, most original design for next year. Sketch something out on a scrap of paper or whatever— you don't have to be an artist to win. Entries will be based strictly on zanniness and frivolity.

But this, super-skier; grand prize winner will be flown to Europe on Scandinavian Airlines...

PRICE HIKE?

In the light of all of this evidence, the chances of Cooley getting his wish and increasing meal contract prices has appreciably diminished. In fact, no other FSA official supports his boss in the belief that undergraduates should pay more money for meals next semester. Because of the shaky financial posture of the organization, no one is saying anything about what increase may bring in the way of price increases.

But as for the spring of '71, one high FSA official told the ASP that "Robert Cooley is on an island." And if last month's membership meeting was any indication, the Membership Board and Board of Directors also remain unconvinced. They were so concerned about the amount of monetary loss in the Campus Center food operations, that they refused to recess and invited Mr. Cooley to come back on November 20th at 2:30 for a better and fuller explanation. As newly enthroned "consentiment members of FSA, everyone in the University community can come and sit at the meeting.

At any rate, FSA is in trouble. Robert Cooley told those reporters in September that "the corporation is not insolvent." But it is nearly $350,000 in the red. FSA is paying off its debts by borrowing from the banks (thus creating new ones), converting some real estate it owns into cash assets, and using the board money and income from textbook sales that it has been receiving. Almost everyone in the student government, and more than a few administrators argue that this situation does indeed equal insolvency.

There is also concern that negative student attitudes are further undermining the corporation.

One faculty board member, Arthur Collins of the English Department, is known to be so concerned about this that he recently invited the editor-in-chief of this newspaper, the President and Vice-President of Student Association, and the Chairman of Central Council to his home for dinner to talk about the subject. He is afraid that increasingly adverse student criticism of FSA is scarifying away money lenders and thus, further threatening an economic collapse.

But in actuality, many feel that Collins's fears should have been anticipated. As Robert Cooley wrote in his director's report of October 28, 1970: "The FSA is an open book; its employees, a group of hard-working people, the Corporation non-profit; and it is our hope that, as the sustained program for airing "how we tick" goes on in the coming months, University people will better understand our organization and its contributions to their welfare."

It is one of his few wishes that is being realized.

**Employees call the Patroon Room**

"the white elephant of the Campus Center" and "a faculty dining club."

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**DESIGN OUR 1972 SALOMON BINDING T-SHIRT AND SKI EUROPE FREE!**

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**SAS SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES**

> Order your 1971 SALOMON T-Shirt by sending $3.00 along with your name, mailing address and T-Shirt size (Small, medium or large) to SALOMON T-Shirts, 1725 Westlake North, Seattle, Washington 98109.
Lyndon, NY: The student editors of the Lyndon High School newspaper won back their positions and forced the school to back down on any further censorship on grounds other than "libel, obscenity and plagiarism.

"We regret to inform you son was among the lowest casualty count in recent months"

"There is indeed a VD crisis," Dr. Webster said, 'much of the public back in 1966 but with the stock market shaky, jobs scarce and the wage price freeze being met with more and more distrust, they have slipped in regard to 36% in 1971. Psychiatric studies show that grace by 16 points a 51% vote of confidence in 56 to 36 today are probably their lowest ever. The scientific and technological progress has dipped from 42% to 17%. Of course, nobody even hoped advertising execs, but in '71 they crashed to 13% from a previous peak of 21% confidence."

"The banks are back, they are ready to go after the school and the state of Pennsylvania."

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NEW YORK (AP) — The president of the Americana Advertising Association said today that the number of reported syphilis cases in the United States increased 15.6 percent in fiscal 1971 over the previous year. Dr. Bruce Webster also said that reported cases of gonorrhea, which the ASHA had officially declared an epidemic last year, increased 8.9 percent in the same period.

There is indeed a VD crisis," Dr. Webster said, emphasizing that the ASHA figures were based only on reported cases. He said an association study indicated that doctors report to public health authorities only one out of eight cases they treat.

His remarks were in a statement prepared for a news conference.

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Keep Goodman!

Dear Sir:

In regard to the recent denial of tenure to Assistant Professor David Goodman I as a student at S.U.N.Y. A would like to express my opinion. I feel that it is imperative that students have a right in the say to the retention or dismissal of faculty.

I feel too only the students who take courses taught by that professor are proper judges. As a student to one of Dr. Goodman’s classes I feel competent enough in expressing my opinion both fairly and honestly.

Professor Goodman’s ability as a scholar was judged by his peers to be deficient while his lecturing capability was rated only as competent. I find Professor Goodman’s ability as a scholar very much better than many other professors who have received tenure. I also perceive his lecturing capacity as very much above the average. Also the relationship by students and Dr. Goodman is quite close as he is well liked. It is my opinion of Dr. Goodman.

I hope that you will take this in consideration and re-evaluate Dr. Goodman and I hope you will maintain his position in this university as a history professor.

Very truly yours,
David Skirrow

Library Stress

To the Editor:

In the New York Times on Monday, 8 November, there was an article about the Yale University Library, having to do with the markedly increased use of books and other library services during the current year. Although the Librarian, Mr. Raphael Rodger, speculated at considerable length on the reasons for the increased use, the operative element of his article was the discussion of the actual increase, namely, some 66%. Here we have calculated our increase as approximately 60%.

Needless to say, this increase has placed considerable strain upon the operations of the Library, especially of Circulation. Library users are taking out more and more books and seem to be returning them more readily than formerly. Our staff has been hit by a number of resignations and illnesses, and vacancies which we are unable to fill in the present budget crisis. In fact, it has been recently decreed that no vacancies present or future will be filled anywhere in the State University system. While we occasionally deploy clerical and professional staff from other areas of the Library to help shore up the book, we thereby damage the other operations of the Library, such as cataloging. This kind of emergency operation is never going to be satisfactory, either to the users or to the Library staff.

The stark facts of life concerning circulation of materials in the Library are the following:

1. The policy of making permanent reserves (circulation of reserves) by the student is not check-in all books and signs it down, since it is necessary to check all cards for possible personal reserves before any books are returned to the shelves.

2. A policy of renewal causes the same problem, as it is patently unfair to renew a book if there is a personal reserve on it. Under normal staff circumstances, the Library should be able both to renew and to make personal reserves. In the present circumstances, it is hardly a question of “either or.” I would be interested in sampling student opinion on temporary abandonment of both of these services, in the interest of getting the books back on the shelves at the earliest possible moment after their return.

With the new double cards, which have been delayed because of the necessity to put them out to bid and to accept the lowest bid, we will be able, ideally at least, to get a book back on the shelves within hours after it is returned. I say “ideally” because this posits the existence of sufficient staff to get the books reshelved. However, relieved of the necessity to check every book for possible personal reserve, the circulation staff could devote a much larger percentage of its time to reshelving.

The Senate Library Council is about to promulgate a new Circulation Policy, which was identified largely in a vacuum and with little consultation of the Library staff. Under these circumstances, whatever the policy is essentially unworkable; under the present stringent budget situation, it will be disastrous not only for the students but for the Library.

Sincerely yours,

J.R. Aldson
Director of Libraries

Communciactions

Once the University tells you that budget cuts will make your classes larger and the choice more limited, and the FSA begins dropping溴 on the table, about 15% meal price hike, it seems almost like a conspiracy that the State Ed people have come up with a plan to jack up SUNY tuition to $1500 per year.

Certainly the plan, as explained in last Friday’s ASP, has some merits, at least as the fourteen schools of New York State are concerned. Non-public institutions will be able to lower their rates and SUNY will raise its to a median $1500 standard rate. Thus anyone who can afford the $1500, plus the usual $1200 per year living expenses, can go to college.

The rich and the middle class get a college education, the poor get a token EOP effort, and the above-poverty working class get nothing.

It’s no wonder that it came out of the State Education department!

Of course, thanks to the immense bureaucracy of the state, plus the efforts of those legislators who still have consciences, this move, like any radical move, whether just or unjust, will probably not get to the consideration stage for years. At least this time, the bureaucracy works in favor, acting against any change at all from status quo.

But how typical it is! The people of this state who can least afford to send their kids to college are the first to get screwed. How many of the wealthy will be disadvantaged by a 200 per cent increase in tuition at SUNY? For that matter, how many send their sons and daughters to a state school?

The poor student loses, the working people lose, and education generally, when the gifted but poor are excluded, loses as well. Who gains? Not only the State, but the private schools which all of Rocky’s friends, and probably most of the State Legislature, attended when they were young, seventy years ago.

And they’ll certainly be pressing the old alumni for some fast aid. All of us had better pray that State Ed doesn’t take that “aid” out of the limited funds of the State University.
The Outstanding Teacher

Wanted: Jews of the New Left To Build a New Society

by Barry Silverberg

SUNYA is blessed with a multitude of Jewish radicals. In the New Left, especially, well-informed sources recently reported that "many of us are Jews." A few of us in the left who are Jewish and relate to being Jews who would like some of our politics heard above all the usual drivel and rhetoric that gets thrown in our direction." With such good news, every Jew at SUNYA and in the Albany community should be gratified. Our solution lies near at hand. The leaders of "the people" are Jews, they relate to being Jews, and they’re interested in helping to recreate Jewish social values so that we can all take part in the paradise they, the people, are going to create. Blessed be the New Left, Creator of our liberated souls and bodies, who bring forth our salvation from the imperialist running dogs of capitalism and fascist forces of the state!

For centuries, the Jewish people have been "touched over." I suppose that places the Jewish oppression (as that radical talk) on the same level as the present Third World oppression. Nobody with the least bit of sensitivity deserts the unfair standards of Jewish society with regard to the Blacks, the Chiros, or the women of our society. We are all amply aware of the impending doom of our society once each of the divisive factions gets control of the running dogs. Jews have always been in the forefront of "causes." Their very presence in such a position often places us in suspicion. What have they got to gain by supporting imperialist running dogs, or Indians? Many of the groups we so ardently support question our motives. Some suspicions are real, for they fail to recognize the true character of Jews in positions of support. We have been persecuted for centuries and we know what it feels like to be killed, gassed, or tortured. They can still feel the pain of our last generation that died in Hitler’s camps.

By God, we are well aware of what a ghetto means to a people, or what slavery means. Let it not be forgotten that we were exiled from our original land for centuries. Our acceptance in various societies has always been conditional. Until America, we could never be sure of when our bodies would be destroyed and our immediate culture eradiated. The medieval lords forced Jews into such occupations as merchants and money-lenders, a sin in the Roman Catholic doctrine of the time. Now the very forces—their descendents—that forced many Jews to find survival in those areas, accuse us of such conspiracies. The non-acceptance of the Jew by medieval society makes any claim that Jews sought favor and assimilation, incredible. The fact of the ghetto (shtetl) forced Jews to accept their position as pariahs in general medieval society. To venture beyond the ghetto gates (yes, Virginia, gates with locks and keys) was to invite what today we pass for muggings and murder. But it is not understandable why some Jews still feel a sense of pampered privilege.

But the paranoia is being dissolved, as today’s generation finds common cause with other persecuted peoples. Many of us see injustices within society, and are attempting to correct it. Perhaps we don’t use "fucked" and "fascist" enough in our articles (oops! I mean rhetoric). Indeed, we may be guilty of concern for our brothers and influence of the material enfringements of our society. The revolution “implied” as necessary from many Left articles (page 15 of Friday’s ABS being no different) can never be accomplished until TV sets are no longer desired by people who need food. Or perhaps, the front-liners of our salvation have asserted that we are striving against—competitive materialism. All a demonstration, such as I’ve just noted, accomplishes, is a change in the quality of the material enfringements of our society. The revolution “implies” as necessary from many Left articles (page 15 of Friday’s ABS being no different) can never be accomplished until TV sets are no longer desired by people who need food. Or perhaps, the front-liners of our salvation have asserted that we are striving against—competitive materialism. All a demonstration, such as I’ve just noted, accomplishes, is a change in the quality of the material enfringements of our society. The revolution “implies” as necessary from many Left articles (page 15 of Friday’s ABS being no different) can never be accomplished until TV sets are no longer desired by people who need food. Or perhaps, the front-liners of our salvation have asserted that we are striving against—competitive materialism. All a demonstration, such as I’ve just noted, accomplishes, is a change in the quality of the material enfringements of our society.

The Jews of SUNYA cannot be neatly categorized and stuffed in a box with a neatly tied ribbon by any man or woman—regardless of his or her political persuasions. Jews are a group of individuals, with individual concerns. We are not all the same. To attempt to generalize the Jews of SUNYA as "the people" is too much like assigning to them the role of the dogs of capitalism and fascist forces of the state.

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**HAPPY BIRTHDAY GARY!!!**

**SQUARE DANCE**
FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 9-12 P.M.
**CC BALLROOM**

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**ride wanted**

Ride needed to Cortland Nov. 19 or 20. Call Pam 7-3059.

Ride wanted to Princeton Univ. this Friday, 11/19. Call Linda 2-7773.

Help—desperate—need a ride to Mass. Pike exit 13. Friday 11/19 after 1:00 p.m. Call Al, 4663.

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**M.B.A. RECRUITMENT SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY**
The School of Management of Syracuse University, Syracuse, New York will be interviewing interested applicants for the Masters in Business Administration and M.S. in Accounting Programs on November 8-9. Call for further information or make reservations with the Placement Services Office at 457-4779.

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For Rent—3 rooms, furnished, heat and hot water provided, carpeted, Delaware, average area, ideal for couple. 434-3752 after five.

One or 2 or 3 roommates wanted for spring and/or summer terms for spacious, clean apartment on Willow St. Must be girls here, but suit yourself. Please help us go to Hawaii & call Margie or Sandy, 465-3039.

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**LET UNCLE HARRY KEEP YOU WARM!**

Air Force Arctic Coats $32
Skis Jackets $23

ALL MEN'S & LADIES' SIZES AVAILABLE

CALL 783-6410 or come to WHITMAN HALL (STATE QUAD) 2nd Floor Lounge (right side) between 7-9 P.M.

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**PERSONALS**


Merola is immortal—Merola will never die!

Merola is alive and kicking.

Girl to help with Thanksgiving dinner. Call G. Morrison at 438-3731.

Congratulations Marcellus Mitch—You were great! (ISUAA will never be the same).

Roommates wanted for handicapped dorm student. Room and board in return for services, no experience necessary. Call 457-4236 after 4:00. Ask for Arlen or Phil.

MELLEN I found your better rolls at Hildegarde's. Happy 10th! Now you're legal! Les.


Windy ridge, call me. Spaceface.

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**For Sale**

For Rent—3 rooms, furnished, heat and hot water provided, carpeted, Delaware, average area, ideal for couple. 434-3752 after five.

One or 2 or 3 roommates wanted for spring and/or summer terms for spacious, clean apartment on Willow St. Must be girls here, but suit yourself. Please help us go to Hawaii & call Margie or Sandy, 465-3039.

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**LEONARD'S CATERING**

Boston Univ., Ski Group-SKI SWITZERLAND-GRINDLERN-ALL Dec 28-Jan 7, $299 includes-Round Trip via SWISS AIR, Transfers, double occupancy American breakfast and dinners, ski bags, tips, services, etc. Information 489-0432

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Professors: Book orders were due Nov. 7. Please turn them into Bookstore in order to insure delivery by the beginning of next semester.

Moms. Double up for safety. Chick.

People's commissioner, Nick Danger, George Brittley, Reeta Jobson, Rocky Rococo, support the RECORD Co-OP.

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**HARVEST HAPPENING SALE**

still going on in Bookstore-
Shirts, candles, posters, blotters and many other items.

Snap shot photo's ordered thru the Bookstore but are over six months old will be destroyed if not picked up by Dec. 7.

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**WANTED:**

If Your Parents are DIVORCED and one is still single, we need you for some social Re-search. For further information call: Maddy 457-4741 or Barry 457-4713.

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**help wanted**

Part time job available for Student or adult. 2-3 afternoons a week from 2:30 PM, but hours can be adjusted to accommodate individual's schedule. Family of Multiple Sclerosis patient in Delmar N.Y. needs help with household and driving responsibilities. Call 439-5506 after 4 PM or evenings.

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**OVERSEAS JOBS FOR STUDENTS**

Australia, Europe, S. America, Africa, etc. All professions and occupations. $700 to $5,000, monthly. Expenses paid, overtime, sightseeing. Free information—Write, Jobs Overseas, Dept. E6, Box 15071, San Diego, CA, 92115.

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Fremal Kitten needs home. Owner allergic. Call Gary. 466-9509.


Magnavox 4 track tape recorder. 7 in. red stereo playback. Transistorized. Sell-$55.00. Call Dennis 457-4779.

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**STUDENTS:**

Criteron 4-way speakers. 6 speakers in ea. (172 in woofers), yr. old. 457-4779.

Maytag 4 track tape recorder. 7 in. red stereo playback. Transistorized. Sell-$55.00. Call Dennis 457-4779.

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Wanted: Salesman-distributor for large selection 8-track stereo tapes, all kinds, up-to-date. 1/3 cost of factory tapes. Send name, address and phone. Box 9113 Albuquerque, New Mexico. 87119.

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**For Sale**


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**FOR SALE:**

Woman's ski outfit Fur hat, medium jacket, size 12 pants-$25 call Donna 7-7869.

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**Any club wishing to comment on 1971 Torch or make suggestions for 1972 Torch, should come to a meeting on Friday, November 19 at 9:30 pm in CC 305, the Torch office.**

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One word best describes the taste of beer...

**it's on the tip of your tongue.**

**WHEN YOU SAY BUDWEISER YOU'VE SAID IT ALL!**

ANNHEUSER-BUSCH, INC. • ST. LOUIS
Proposal For Judicial Reform

This proposal is an outgrowth of the Judicial Workshop held on February 12-14, 1973. Participants in the workshop ranged widely in terms of representing various segments of the university, as well as being drawn from the City of Albany and other schools within the state.

The aims and purposes of this document adhere to the basic concept of a community judicial forum in which all members of the university community are subject to the regulations established by the community. The intent of the proposal is to outline the principles and procedures by which such a system could operate.

I. RIGHTS OF COMMUNITY MEMBERS

If the university is to succeed in its pursuit of truth and dissemination of knowledge in a setting where the freedom of inquiry flourishes, the university must possess an institutional framework which encourages debate and freedom of intellectual endeavor without fear of consequence.

The university is in a real sense a laboratory in which the participants—faculty, students, and administrators—act in a mutual sense for intellectual growth. This necessarily means experimentation with new and untried systems and the evaluation of the worth of such frontiers of thought which may seem heretical to the majority, and may indeed never gain acceptance. But these experiments, and these testings of sentiment, must not be restricted by artificial or arbitrary rules that would be stifling in the university context, no matter how appropriate they might be in another context. In short, academic freedom in the fullest sense of the expression is indispensable to the existence of the university.

1. Freedom in the Classroom. Freedom of discussion and expression essential to academic freedom must be encouraged and protected. It is the responsibility of the professor and the student in the classroom and in conference to insure the realization not only of the fact but also of the spirit of free inquiry. In particular, every effort must be made by all concerned to guard against prejudiced or capricious academic decision making.

2. Freedom of Association. Organizations within the university may be established by members of the university community for any legal purpose, whether these aims are religious, political, educational, economic, or social. Association within the extra—mural organization shall not necessarily be disqualified from seeking recognition under the same name, under the same bylaws, from the same sector from university privileges. Membership in all university—related organizations shall be open to any member of the university community who is willing to subscribe to the aims of the organizations and to meet its stated obligations. Organizations are officially recognized according to guidelines established by the By—laws of the Undergraduate Student Association, the by—laws of the University Senate, national or statewide professional organizations, provisions of the Civil Service Employees Association, or the Senate Professional Association.

University interest in the existence and objectives of organizations within the university community should focus on the following matters:

a. Associational Identification. The university may not require membership lists of any organization but may question its right to use university—controlled funds or use of university facilities, the names and addresses of officers and/or individuals within the organization who are responsible for the management of funds or facilities.

b. Use of Facilities. University facilities shall be assigned as available to organizations for regular meetings and for emergency use, on a first—come first—served basis. No individual or group or organization may use the university name without express authority from the president of the university, except to identify the university affiliation of the individual, group, or organization. Approval or disapproval of any policy or position may not be stated as the position of the university by any individual, group, or organization, except as authorized by the president of the university.

3. Freedom of publication. All publications produced by university organizations or offices (including the student press) must be free of censorship, and its editors and managers must be protected from arbitrary disciplinary action arising out of disapproval from any source of editorial policy or content. Similar freedom must also be assured any radio stations operated by university organizations or offices.

4. Freedom to Protest. The right to peaceful protest within the university community must be preserved. The university, in recognizing its legal obligations, retains the right to assure the safety of individuals, the protection of property, and the continuation of the educational process. Ordinarily picketing and other forms of peaceful protest are protected activities unless they pose a threat to the university premises if there is no interference with free passage through areas where members of the university community have the right to be.

5. University Governance. Members of the university community must be free, individually and collectively, to express their views on issues of institutional policy affecting matters of general interest to the community. There must be clearly defined means for participation by all concerned in the formulation and application of institutional policy affecting university affairs.

6. Violation of Law and University Discipline. If a member of the university community is charged with an off—campus violation of law, the university should be of no disciplinary concern to the university unless the individual is unable to comply with the requirements of his particular membership within the community.

If the violation of law occurs on campus and is also a violation of a university—imposed university regulation, the university may institute its own proceedings against the offender at any time.

7. Privacy Rights. The university must protect the interest of its members in preservation of the right of privacy.

a. The university should not regard itself as the arbiter or enforcer of the morals of its members, where civil or criminal law is not broken, or where standards of conduct established by the university have not been violated.

b. The right of privacy for students in the residence halls is a value which must be protected.

i. Nothing in the university relationship or residence hall contract should give the university the authority to consent to a search of a student’s room by police or other government officials without a warrant or other state/federal legal authority to do so.

ii. Where the university or its representative seeks access to a student’s room to determine compliance with provisions of applicable law relating to multiple dwelling units, the occupant(s) should be notified of the purpose of said entry in advance (when feasible). If there is no other option for making repair or repairs, notices should be given in advance. In emergency circumstances where imminent danger to life, safety, health, or property is reasonably feared, entry should be allowed without advance notice.

7. Confidentiality of Records. Respect must be accorded the confidentiality of personal and/or confidential relationships between the university and the community member by preserving to the maximum extent possible the privacy of all records relating to each member. Controlling principles for the use of records in disciplinary matters are specified in Section VI.

II. University Regulations

University discipline may pervade by a community member—student, faculty, or staff—whichever adversely affects the university community's pursuit of its educational objectives, or threatens the health or safety of persons.

The following actions and/or behavior are expressly prohibited. Violations may result in dismissal of any official action by other means, and procedures will be followed as set forth in the following pages, adapted to the role of the accused within the community. It is the responsibility of the individual to face and personally challenge the procedures.

a. Violation of any civil or criminal law on university owned or operated property.

b. Dishonesty, such as cheating or plagiarizing in any test or examination; or engaging in fraudulent behavior.

c. Obstruction or disruption of teaching, research, administration, disciplinary procedures, or other university activities; or the threat or commission of any such pervasive fraudulent behavior.

3. Authorized entry to or use of university facilities, property, or equipment, or removal or destruction of such property or part thereof, or of private property under university administration and/or supervision.

4. Theft and/or destruction to property of a member of the university community while such property is on university premises.

5. Violation of university policies or of regulations governing the regulation of student organizations, events on campus, and the use of university facilities, as described in this publication.

6. Violations of rules governing residence in university owned or operated property; and policies in this publication, and in the university housing brochure.

7. Violation of regulations governing the use of alcoholic beverages on campus as described in this publication.

8. Possession, use of distribution of narcotic or dangerous drugs, except as expressly permitted by law.

9. Disorderly conduct or lewd, indecent, or obscene conduct or expression on university owned or controlled property or at university sponsored or regulated activities.

10. Failure to comply with the directions of university officials acting in the performance of their duties. (Any university official directing any university community member to act in accordance with his wishes must identify himself upon request.)

11. Failure to present a university ID, card when requested to do so by a university official. (Any university official requesting identification from any university community member must also present his/her identification upon request.)

12. Failure to honor all contracts with and debts to the university and those agencies with which the university contracts.

13. Violation of University policies or of regulations governing the operation of university owned or controlled property, motorcycles, or other motor vehicles on campus; or violation of parking regulations published by the Campus Security Office.

14. Possession and/or use of firearms or other weapons or explosives, such as fireworks; or possession and/or use of dangerous chemicals except as authorized for use in the role of autonomous with university sponsored research or other approved activities. (Provision has been made to store weapons in a Security Building. Possession and/or use of provisions for storage would not be in violation of this regulation).

15. Willfully setting fire to university property or creating a configuration on university property.
III. The Judicial System

A. Delegation of Authority: The President as a technical matter, the University's charter usually gives the Board of Trustees authority over the educational mission of the institution to a Board of Trustees.

They, in turn, assign certain powers to the president as the highest administrative officer. He, in turn, has delegated and will exercise administrative procedures to subordinate officers, faculty, and, increasingly, to students.

It will be assumed that the president will normally sustain the findings and recommendations reached by any hearing or appeal boards. Question of the jurisdiction over disciplinary matters, to receive referral forms, and to appoint the university's representative.

The president will have the authority to appoint a group consisting of six members to be available to function during normal matters, to receive referral forms, and to forward the completed referral forms to appropriate hearing boards.

1. Composition: In order to assure the effectiveness and efficiency of this group, the following composition is recommended:

   a. The Clearing House shall consist of 12 (twelve) members of which no more than six will serve at any one time. The members will serve on a rotating basis, with the exception that members of membership representation within the 12 individuals will remain the same at all times. If necessary, in times of heavy case loads, two individuals selected will remain the same at all times.

   b. In all or severe or emergency cases requiring a pre-hearing, the Clearing House shall meet as soon as possible to determine if action is needed. In such cases, interim action should be taken by the Director of Security or his designee, with the preliminary hearing to be held as soon as possible three members of the Clearing House will act on their own to a pre-hearing, the purpose of the pre-hearing would be to review the facts of the complaint and to decide upon the need for further adjudication.

   c. The Clearing House shall not serve as the referring body when another member or group within the university community is willing to fulfill this role. It may, however, serve this function in the absence of such a person or group, when adjudication is required by another group or body. It may also convene a referral form, with the knowledge of the referring body, when appropriate. In cognizance of the referred form, the clearing house shall be considered to act in the name of the university.

   d. Some cases will be referred by an individual or group of individuals independent of the clearing house review or consideration, and some will be reviewed or referred by the clearing house. Both types of cases shall be worded in a manner similar to the adjudicating body or the appropriate channel.

   e. The fact of pending or completed court action (if known) on any of the primary parties related to a case shall be the basis for a written form for consideration by the adjudicating body or appropriate channel.

   f. All such cases shall be considered by the Clearing House members.

   g. All cases shall be heard in accordance with the disciplinary system, and shall be the same as the hearing board.

   h. The clearing house is the pre-hearing body in any serious or secret or emergency cases requiring university adjudication, regardless of additional hearing board or other appropriate channel with any correspondence related to the boards.

D. University Appeal Board

1. Purpose: The University Appeal Board hears appeals on student cases from the University Hearing Board (appeals from lower student hearing boards). At the first meeting of the University Hearing Board before they can go to the University Appeal Board. It will also hear appeals from any other case except in cases where one of the campus bargaining units has already begun formal grievance procedures in accord with provisions of their contract and the Taylor Law. It has no original jurisdiction. Because it is the final arbitrator in matters of campus, it should be highly sensitive and capable of weighing the interest of the person or group in violation of the rules and regulations of the university. The board shall have its constitution and the Taylor Law. It has no original jurisdiction. Because it is the final arbitrator in matters of campus, it should be highly sensitive and capable of weighing the interest of the person or group in violation of the rules and regulations of the university.

2. Composition: The University Appeal Board shall consist of 18 (eighteen) members, including one student representative, one faculty representative, two graduate students, one representative of the women's group, one representative of the university's security officers.

3. Appeal Process:

   a. Students: The process of appealing a decision of the clearing house or any other body, the process of appealing a decision of the clearing house or any other body.

   b. The university shall then notify the complainant of the decision.

   c. The hearing board or other adjudicatory body any case after this (See Section H1F, part 3). In instances where action is taken prior to a pre-hearing, the Clearing House shall meet as soon as possible to determine if action is needed. In such cases, interim action should be taken by the Director of Security or his designee, with the preliminary hearing to be held as soon as possible.

   d. The Clearing House shall forward the completed referral forms to the appropriate hearing board.

   e. Any person (or additional hearing board members) may be added to the University Appeal Board at the request of the board or the president of the university. If the appeal case is one of a serious or emergency nature or where action is taken prior to a pre-hearing, the Clearing House shall meet as soon as possible.

   f. Any person (or additional hearing board members) may be added to the University Appeal Board at the request of the board or the president of the university. If the appeal case is one of a serious or emergency nature or where action is taken prior to a pre-hearing, the Clearing House shall meet as soon as possible.

   g. The board shall have its constitution and the Taylor Law. It has no original jurisdiction. Because it is the final arbitrator in matters of campus, it should be highly sensitive and capable of weighing the interest of the person or group in violation of the rules and regulations of the university.

I. Hearing Procedure: The board shall assemble a bona fide cross-section of the university community.

2. The board shall consist of 18 (eighteen) members, of which nine will serve at any given time. The members will work on a rotating basis, and the ratio of membership representation within the 18 individuals selected will remain the same at all times. If necessary, in times of heavy case loads, two individuals selected will remain the same at all times.

3.Whenever, in times of heavy case loads, two individuals selected will remain the same at all times. If necessary, in times of heavy case loads, two individuals selected will remain the same at all times. If necessary, in times of heavy case loads, two individuals selected will remain the same at all times.

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Law permits, these procedures should also be followed in hearings involving any other member of the university community.

a. The calendar for hearings shall be fixed by the chairman of the board after consultation with the individuals involved in the proceedings. The chairman shall have the discretion to alter the calendar for good cause. The date for the hearing shall be set far enough in advance of the receipt of the referral forms, and the hearing itself shall take place no later than ten working days after this date.

b. The hearings shall be conducted in such a manner as to do substantial justice, and shall not be unduly restricted by rules of procedure or evidence (see Section IV, B5).

c. The charges and evidence shall be presented by the complainant and/or, if the university is the injured party, by the university, as directed by the president of the university to serve such a function.

d. The Hearing Board may address questions to any party to the proceedings or to any witnesses called by either party or by the board itself. Any party may request the cross-examination of other parties. The chairman may use his discretion and limit the number of witnesses to be heard.

e. The hearing shall be private if requested by the person charged, or by the complainant (with sufficient reason), or if disclosure of the proceedings would be improper (see Section IV, B5).


g. A record shall be made of all proceedings at the hearing. The contents of any depositions or testimonies taken in a formal hearing of the case shall not be recorded. The deliberations of the board after the formal hearing of the case shall not be recorded.

h. The chairman shall determine, after consultation with the individuals involved in the proceedings, whether a summation of one or more aspects of the case would be helpful to the board. (See Section IV, B5.)

i. The board shall write a report containing the decisions of the board and the reasons for those decisions, and have them made available to the parties involved.

c. When two or more people are jointly charged with the same alleged infraction, their hearings will be separate. Any person charged, or by the complainant (with sufficient reason), or if disruptions of the proceedings occur at the hearing, the deliberations of the board during the hearing or the deliberations by be determined to use the sanctions which are the most appropriate to the charges for which in individual is found guilty.

6. Publication of Decisions

Once a decision has been made by a hearing board, the publication of the proceedings must be made available in writing to the defendant, with copies available to the complainant and to any other persons who took part in the hearing of the case. The publication of this hearing or any part of it may be subject to the penalties prescribed in said publication. The system is not intended for legal adversaries to use as a “battle ground” but for members of the same community to decide what is best for the accused and for the university. The trained, paid attorneys would add little to this.

The University Hearing Board will attempt to maintain a balance in its representation between the interested students, who would be willing to assist a complainant or defendant in any case which comes before the hearing bodies. Such advisors, like interested community members, may be subject to the penalties prescribed in the Policies of the Board of Trustees.

This restriction on lawyers and/or advisors within the hearing itself in no way restricts the right to counsel and representation outside the hearing room.

2. Self Incrimination

An individual has the right at a university disciplinary hearing not to incriminate himself, and he may not be punished solely for asserting this right. In clarifying this aspect of the right, questions, the individual is asserting his right not to disclose information which could be used to incriminate himself.

3. Private and Public Hearings

As a general rule, hearings should be open to any member of the university community. In asserting this right, the university community properly recognizes the validity of public hearings when they insure observers that justice is done, when more university community members have the right to view the proceedings, and when community members may make comparisons between cases, and when possible suspicions of special treatment and/or prejudice are tested. Although hearings are generally open to the public, for pre and post hearing. It can proceed to change this in view of one or more of the following circumstances:

b. The complaint requests it.

c. Disruptions of the proceedings require it.

d. The closing of the hearings to the public would in each case be ordered only when needed to insure a fair and impartial hearing. It is vital that the rights of cooperating community members be preserved.

4. Group Hearings

It is recommended that group hearings be held in cases where a number of individuals are involved in the same alleged infraction, and where the facts of involvement are identical. Group hearings are favor- able under these specific circumstances because they are more likely to do so.

The university has the right to exclude all members of the hearing board. The provision guards against a tendency to use the first case as a precedent in hearing the other cases which follow.
6. The Right of Appeal

a. Both defendant and complainant have the right to appeal the decision of a hearing body.

b. An appeal of the decision of the hearing board must be submitted to the appeal board within seven calendar days of receipt of the decision of the hearing board. This appeal must be in writing.

c. An appeal, when accepted by the appeal board, must be based upon one of the following issues:

1) Questions of procedure at the hearing which involve due process

2) Was the evidence sufficiently strong to prompt a decision?

3) Was the sanction imposed in keeping with the gravity of the wrongdoing?

4) Appearance of substantive new evidence related to the case.

5) The appeal board may accept the original decision of the hearing board, may reverse the decision and order a new hearing, or may modify the decision.

6. The Right of Appeal

2. Admissibility of Information

The university shall provide that information in any such record may be used by the hearing board or by the appeal board, and additional sanctions which apply to the person and staff are noted in Section IV, A7.

V. DISCIPLINARY ACTION

A. Sanctions

The most important principles which should guide hearing bodies in choosing sanctions are:

1. Relevance to the gravity of the offense,

2. Relevance to the area of activity or circumstances in which the offense occurred (i.e., residence halls, parking lot, etc.).

The following sanctions are the official university sanctions which may be used by the hearing board and by the appeal board. Additional sanctions which apply to the person and staff are noted in Section IV, A7.

1. Admission, An oral statement to the offender that he has violated the rules

2. Censure, Written reprimand for violation of specific rules and regulations, in addition to the possibilities that more severe disciplinary action could occur in the event of confirmed violation of specific rules and regulations. The censure should contain a specific period during which the censure is in effect.

3. Disciplinary Probation

Exclusion from participation in university activities as set forth in the notice of disciplinary probation. The length of probation should be stated in the notice of such action.

4. Disciplinary removal from residences.

Exclusion from the residence halls for a specified amount of time. This action will involve forfeiture of all room and/or board charges.

5. Restitution, Reimbursement for damage or misappropriation of university property or of unauthorized use of university administration and/or supervision, or of property of a member of the university community while such property is on university premises. The amount may be lower, however, not increased, than the sanctions imposed.

6. Disciplinary hold on records and/or right to register for classes, the individual has completed the necessary and no appeal can be taken for its determination. If a person is placed on probation for two years, his/her records will be destroyed two years after those records are involved in the case in which probation has been fulfilled.

B. Conditional

The board which suspended the individual must review the petition for readmission, in that case being the Office of the President of the University for a definite period of time, and no appeal can be taken for its determination. The petition should contain evidence supplied by the individual that he had fulfilled the conditions of the suspensions. If the majority of the board agrees that the conditions have been met, they would authorize the readmission. The testimony or cross-examination of those requesting the readmission will proceed whether or not the individual is present.

C. Return to the Community

The process of gaining readmission to the university after the individual has completed the term of suspension requires the individual that he had fulfilled the conditions of the suspension, if any.

1. Expulsion, Termination of a student from the university for an indefinite period

2. Suspension, Exclusion from classes or other privileges or activities for a specified length of time

3. Restitution, Reimbursement for damage or misappropriation of university property or of unauthorized use of university administration and/or supervision, or of property of a member of the university community while such property is on university premises. The amount may be lower, however, not increased, than the sanctions imposed.

D. The parents of any minors involved in disciplinary action shall be the notice of disciplinary action to the parents of any minors involved in disciplinary action shall be of sufficient importance to the individual who is accused of violation, Individuals or groups concerned with hearing a case involving a minor disciplinary matter is of sufficient importance to appear in the individual's permanent file, This sanction should contain evidence supplied by the individual that he had fulfilled the conditions of the suspension. If the majority of the board agrees that the conditions have been met, they would authorize the readmission.

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ATTENTION--Business Students. Ph. dira Lambert is working for you! We need your support! Join us at our next meeting, Thurs. Nov. 19, at 7:30 P.M., BA-119. For further information, Steve—7-5261.

& INTERESTED FOLK

HU-354.

Speaking on "Structuralism and colloquium with Prof. J. Paris, former-languages, Eng. and education, and in interested in other cultures, foreign the TESL Master's Program. See noriity students or overseas, consider Richard Light ED-124, or Ruth Black-

ATTENTION SENIORS: 

Week of the Senior, you are MAJORS, MINORS

1971

You've got a new car. We've got a new car gasoline.

into a down payment on my new Car.

Amoco can double the life of your tail pipe and muffler that's one reason why more new Car buyers switch to Amoco. The type most new Car owner can count on.

You worked hard for that new car of yours. Now all you've got to do is take care of it. Part of it's using the right gasoline. Amoco. The type most new car owner manuals recommend.

Amoco is specially formulated for your new car's anti-pollution engine. Made to help it run better, longer. And Amoco can double the life of your tail pipe and muffler compared to fully leaded gasolines; spark plugs last longer, too.

Amoco Super-Premium gives you all these benefits plus better mileage than other premium. It's the only anti-pollution premium gasoline you can buy.

That's one reason why more new car buyers switch to Amoco and other gasolines at American than any other brand.

So now that you've got that new car, use the gasoline you can count on.

You've got a new car. We've got a new car gasoline.

You expect more from American and you get it...
CONCERNS TABLE

Wed & Thur, November 17 & 18
10 am to 2 pm
Campus Center Lobby

BRING YOUR QUESTIONS ON ANY AREA OF CAMPUS LIFE

- Food Service
- Student Activities
- Parking Facilities
- Residence Halls
- Security
- Maintenance

ad nauseum

sponsored by Campus Center Governing Board
The Great Dane Soccer team stands around after a final game loss to New Paltz, 6-3, which gracefully ended a position... chow.

The Albany Harriers ran twenty-second in a field of fifty-one teams, Saturday, in the annual NCAA College Division Cross Country Championships.

Busse leave from the circle at 4 pm on Fridays
Busses leave at NYC at 4 pm on Sundays

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1971
ALBANY STUDENT PRESS

THE ASP SPORTS

Booters Finish Dismal Season; Dumped 6-3 by New Paltz

by Bruce Maggie

The Albany Great Dane Soccer team concluded a disastrous soccer season last Saturday, as they lost to New Paltz 6-3.

The Danes showed some sustained interest for the first time in a while. This was only the second time this season Albany scored three or more goals. For Albany, Carlos Alvarez scored twice, finishing the season with five goals, and George Kelshman scored once. New Paltz’s 6 goals were scored by six different players as they tallied four times in the first half. This game left Albany with a record of 1-5 in SUNY conference play.

The Booters finished the season with an overall record of 2-5-1. This set an Albany record for losses in one season surpassing last year’s record eight losses.

The lowest score recorded over the last decade is a 30-6, with only one winning season. One of the reasons for this mediocrity is Albany’s lack of scoring. Albany awards no scholarships to soccer players and all the players must meet the academic standards of the university, Coach Bill Schieffelin said that he lost a few boys who could have played with the soccer team but they could not meet the academic requirement to be accepted. In order to improve the soccer team, the coaching staff must convince quality soccer players to come to Albany next year. Also some players from the Junior Varsity must be found to play with the varsity team.

The major problem that must be converted for next season. Albany’s lack of offense. The Danes scored a meager 14 goals this season and were shutout three times. The opposition scored 32 goals, Albany seems to play too conservative. Perhaps a more wide open style of play would greatly aid Albany’s meek offense. It is hoped that the 3 goals last Saturday was a start for more offensive punch next year. For Coach Schieffelin, he has a great deal of work to do to build the soccer team into a contender,

The following week, this Saturday, Albany will face off against the University of Hartford. With a win, Albany can finish the season with a 2-6-1 record. A loss will end the season with a 1-7 record.

The Great Dane offense was up to the challenge, but for the second straight week, it was the Albany defense that was the main cause for what should have been an important win. Albany completely shut off the highly touted Hudson Valley Community College’s passing attack, but succumbed to their own miscues and an early field goal, to be edged 3-0.

The win ended SUC’s record at 7-2, and left Albany 3-4, going into their last game, home against Pace, this Saturday.

Throughout the season the Dane Pups saw fine offensive performances from their front line. Outstanding on the front line was Lewis Sosien, (soph.) with four goals and twelve assists. Leading scorer was Eduardo Ordonez with eight goals and two assists.

The Albany Harriers ran twenty-second in a field of fifty-one teams, Saturday, in the annual NCAA College Division Cross Country Championships.

The track was fast and the air clear and cold, and the Harriers gave a respectable showing in the large field. Albany’s top finisher was Scott Abercrombie who finished 31st. Ted Fredrick and Brian Quinn was next, 131st. Dennis Hackata came across 136th. After him finished Larry Fredrick, John Koch was next, and Bill Sorel after him, re-counting for the entire Albany contingent.

The individual winner was Bill Flack of North Dakota State, and the team victory was California at Fullerton.

Yesterday afternoon the Danes Harriers, minus Brian Quinn, for no known reason, competed in the IC4A Championships at Van Cortland Park, Bronx.

For a Winning Season; Danes Blanked 3-0 by HVCC

by Bill Heller

The Great Dane defense was up to the challenges, but for the second straight week, it was the Albany offense that was the main cause for what should have been an important win. Albany completely shut off the highly touted Hudson Valley Community College’s passing attack, but succumbed to their own miscues and an early field goal, to be edged 3-0.

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The forward position will probably be solved by Werner Kolle (6’4”), a returning letterman, and sophomore Reggie Smith (6’2”), by Byron Miller (6’3”). Smith and Miller both averaged over 10 points for the freshwater team last year. Junior lieutenant Dave Welch (6’2?) is a good bet for the forward spot.

Sauer feels that the team that gets the most good shots will win ballgames. To make sure that the team will do this, he will employ such tactics as an aggressive man to man defense, a full court zone press, and a set offense allowing a few of two on two plays and requiring the players to think, on their own, “The players will have to think quickly on their feet, and pass quickly.” Although there is a slight of big rebounders to initiate the fast break, Dave Sauer will have to change this year’s schedule is tough with an impressive competition likely to come from Hartford, Brockport, and SONY at Buffalo. This year’s team is young, with only three seniors, and a little thin on the type of team that will improve game by game.

Interfraternity Council presents
The Official Albany State Football Team Films
narrated by head coach, Robert Ford

This week: The Siena Game of Oct. 25
Wednesday, Nov. 17 at 7:00 pm in LC 1

admission free

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BUSSES WILL BE RUNNING BETWEEN SUNYA AND NEW YORK CITY

TICKET HOURS WILL BE: (sold across from check cashing)
Monday 11-1
Tuesday 10-12:30
Wednesday 11-1
Thursday 10-2
Friday 9-12

Buses leave from the circle at 4 pm on Fridays
Busses leave at NYC at 4 pm on Sundays

GO GREYHOUND
and leave the driving to us
The TOTAL FILM-MAKER (Random House) is a book by and about Jerry Lewis the movie-maker, but is most interesting in the insights it gives into Jerry Lewis the man. U.S.C. (which certainly gives one pause) the book is slappy and poorly organized, repetitious and often incoherent; nevertheless it is a useful look at a little boy who truly never grew up.

I personally enjoyed watching Mr. Bowell as I applied his efforts as a humanist, and not having met the man I knew nothing of his off-screen personality (although as with Streisand one can make some good guesses); nevertheless his films I find by and large dreadful; as funny as the proverbial cricket. To do a man's book justice—"the first half of the book is good, I think, as funny as anything ever put on celluloid—but both his acting and directing have a depressing air of familiarity about them, as if we've seen it all before and does better. Moreover, all of the Lewis efforts I've seen (and I shudder at the number) seem to degenerate into a kind of desperate, ultra-bizarre slapstick, in which Lewis begins for a laugh in the same way a disco turns to goldfish screens for ultimate laughter. This provokes acute embarrassment rather than laughter.

Lewis doesn't seem to think so. Only once in his 268 pages does he come close to admitting that he's "made some bad comedy;" and even then he blames it on a "dull" word of mouth, helped to make hits of films that played there before. We suspect that no matter how many broad facial expressions (if that's all there was) he could never be found for laughter. I certainly can't figure out what that film was all about, please let me know. I'll be stunned.

But as I say, Lewis does have a composition to learn. He mentions how, when he was merely acting, he could never find the right shooting, always looking through the wrong deliberately, "no matter what costly delays this practice caused is not mentioned). Lewis swears by his book in it, and honestly feels he has something new in his films. This, I imagine, the feeling of most directors; and it is refreshing to hear it spoken so directly and with such emotion. In the arts, dedication, belief, and hard work are absolutely essential. Lewis swears by all three, so in this respect, at least, I must admit I agree.

I think of Lewis' career: seeing how long he has been in show business before it he puts in to produce films that must people, seems, find generally worth less than the all the information, THE TOTAL FILM-MAKER is about Jerry Lewis. He gives one pause) the book is slappy and poorly organized, repetitious and often incoherent; nevertheless it is a useful look at a little boy who truly never grew up.

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The very air is alive with violence and speak into the void; and would it, perhaps, sound paranoid should I startle the world with silence for God's sake, get rid of that chorus. Good orchestra, however, does not make the company. The production was entertaining, and the two romantic leads good enough, but be one of their biggest assets. Opera to the people; there is no question about that. The addition of a Hood fame, made his debut as Benoit, the horny landlord. Hoel had the "let's give the kid a break" attitude evident in the program, he'll and Rudolfo, were excellent. Also, SUNY A's Joel Acosti of Captain Style. When the Corsaro version is done well as it was in Lake George this summer, it is tremendously enjoyable. Unfortunately, the Capital Artists production was only mediocre. Joan Spain was pathetically un-vivacious as the grand C. T. Musetta. She sang well enough, but she had all the vibrancy of a dead fish. Schaunard, as played by David Aldrich, acted poorly and sang weakly. He just did not come across as a young World War I veteran. You got the feeling he might have spent the war as a colonel forced to latrine duty. The chorus, to put it mildly, was terrible. They were off key and out of phase with conductor Kurt Saffir more than they were correct. They, too, were lifeless.

Now that I have played the venous-splitting critic, let me mention some of the good. Theodore Morrill was an excellent Rudolfo, professional in every way. He even acted like he meant it. Eileen Bush, as Mimi was equally as fine. Acts III and IV, which are mostly Mimi and Rudolfo, were excellent. Also, SUNY A's Joel Acosti of Captain Hood fame, made his debut as Benoit, the horny landlord. Hoel had the best baritone voice in the company, and once they get away from the "let's give the kid a break" attitude evident in the program, he'll be one of their biggest assets. The Capital Artists should be commended for their efforts to bring opera to the people; there is no question about that. The addition of a good orchestra, however, does not make the company. The production was entertaining, and the two romantic leads good enough, but for God's sake, get rid of that chorus.

OCTOBER 29, 1970,

OR, "HAPPY BIRTHDAY" K. (I) D.
This city might not be clean, but it sure is noisy. the very air is alive with violence and would it, perhaps, sound paranoid should I startle the world with silence and speak into the void... nothing?
This place might not be cheerful, but it sure is cold. the cold, clammy, dry wind... against my window: pain ripples... against my brain... battles against... a feeling of increasing failure... of unceasing failure... of numbness.
nothing.
Spray almost his bubble gum. Rocky nucks his thumb.
yester calls the Cowboy dumb, I might not be here tomorrow, but sure am here today.
by Caruso

LAST DAYS
For '72
Senior Yearbook Portraits

Monday, November 15
10-2
3-7
Tuesday, November 16
9-11
12-6
PICTURES WILL BE TAKEN IN CC 305.

The Class of '72 has been invited to recommend speakers for this year's Commencement ceremony.
Suggestion boxes will be set up at the Campus Center Information Desk, and in the Library Entrance from November 15th—23rd for this purpose. Anyone within the University community should feel free to make suggestions.

Suggested Commencement Speaker
A Continual Saga: 'Great Gate Rip-Off'

by Steve Salant

A new student activity is sweeping the campus. No, it’s not mumblypeg or tiddlywinks. It entails breaking down and collecting the electric gates located on State and Colonial Quads. This is what is known as "The Great Gate Rip-off."

Although the gates are usually up during the night and on weekends, students often take it upon themselves to facilitate their entrance during the day. A group of students will pull the gate until it stops. This is legally classified as criminal mischief and its consequences could be a jail sentence or a fine. Security feels that it is not necessary to impose such harsh penalties for this action and it generally will make the student just pay for the damage. Only once was a student arrested, and this occurred because he allegedly started to harrass the officers who caught him.

Students who participate in this activity may not always pick up the gates and bring them home, but passersby will often take them. Students often consider them a "trophy" and feel that they will add a little life to their otherwise "drab" rooms.

This activity should not be taken lightly. Its causes range from student pranks to malicious destruction. Students who participate in this activity may not always pick up the gates and bring them home, but passersby will often take them. Students often consider them a "trophy" and feel that they will add a little life to their otherwise "drab" rooms.

Save this picture! It may be a classic! This is a rare shot of a still intact mechanical gate.

The "Great Gate Rip-off" is not just limited to the gates located on State and Colonial Quads. This is what is known as "The Great Gate Rip-off."

Academic Calendars Discussed

The 1972-73 calendar was the focus of a meeting held an hour prior to special University Senate meeting Monday afternoon.

SUNY Budget in Trouble

continued from page 3

There is only the infinite passion of life." -FELLINI

"There is no end, no beginning. There is only the infinite passion of life." -FELLINI

Food Protest

Petition Out

by Evelyn Katz

Petitions calling for a rechiseling of FSA funds for increased student benefit have gone up on Indian Quad. Lee Gamelsky, one of the students involved in the petitioning, when queried as to why the petitions had gone up replied,"Well, because of hunger for one thing."

Posted on the way to the dining area the petition calls for five specific actions to be taken on behalf of all students who contend with FSA: 1) student representation in planning the menu; 2) seconds on all meals; 3) fresh fruits and vegetables; 4) sandwiches on Sunday nights; and 5) restitution for uneaten meals.

Gamelsky continued,"That's not all though. The basic idea is that FSA is making a profit when the money should be going back to the students. They're balancing their own books." The petitions will remain up until next Thursday morning.
Eco-Pornography can be found in any medium used by business and corporations to advertise their products. Bill-boards, one type of media, are thermis enviromment and misuse of environment products. Bill-boards, one type of media, are thermis enviromment and misuse of environment products. A prime example of eco-pornography is the August 26 issue of the Washington Post's "Stop Smog". This issue's cover features a photograph of a mountain range with the words "How to help keep America Beautiful". "Eco-Pornography" is not a product in itself, but rather a term used to describe the practice of using language that should be more carefully considered and more honest in its intent. Eco-pornography can be found in any medium used by business and corporations to advertise their products. Bill-boards, one type of media, are thermis enviromment and misuse of environment products. A prime example of eco-pornography is the August 26 issue of the Washington Post's "Stop Smog". This issue's cover features a photograph of a mountain range with the words "How to help keep America Beautiful". "Eco-Pornography" is not a product in itself, but rather a term used to describe the practice of using language that should be more carefully considered and more honest in its intent.
and Ready (Epic 30973)

Jeff Beck, former lead guitarist of the Yardbirds and the Jeff Beck Group, has a style that's kind of funny at first. Since Beck is noted for his flaring egotism and a desire to lay down guitar as possible (which was fine within the context of his other bands), this group seemed rather unlikely that he would adapt to the new sound.

But yes, he does adapt. There is still a great deal of the most unprofitable, staccato guitar in rock, but Beck does not get carried away with his technique and adds variety to the mood of each song. Ironically, revolts do not play a large part in the proceedings. Bob Tench has a pretty good voice and he excels in "Two For The Show," "Got The Feeling," and "Short Business" but his range is rather vast and he has trouble handling love ballads like "Jody." Perhaps this is the feather in his son of an instinct.

"Got The Feeling" shows Beck off the new Beck. It has a typical soul opening with Beck grinding some of his usual riffs. Overdubbing of guitar and piano is nice and the complete feeling is obtained. A variety of sounds by Beck fills in many empty spaces. Max Middleton, who spent many years playing with many famous musicians, has many unusual notes to produce an exotic tone with a touch of Latin flavor. The rhythm section of bass player Clive Chaman and drummer Cozy Powell, probably the most essential part of soul music support, is spot on. An inspiriting start.

"Situation" has an intro build that makes you think that Beck is ready to explode but he surprises with his guitar. The group might have left right into the opening verse. Later on, his funky guitar solo leaves you wondering if that's the main most essential part of soul music supports it. An inspiriting start.

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Exciting electric guitarist Bert Jansch in "Helping Hand" and the album, one of the most revealing years of the group. With a soft, legato line that leads to a tasty sound. Instruments that up until this point were not symphony with the group, namely sitars, banjos, harp, and electric guitars are utilized to achieve a more complete sound. The material deals more with the American folk idiom than pre- viously, so that even an overworked song like "Will The Circle Be Unbroken?" gets new life and rock and roll drummer if there were ever one, replaced the succession of back-up drummers (Spencer, Dryden, and Covington) that Jack and Beck have had with him... and often he said, they didn't put the album title on the cover (it's in small print on the side), so this LP is the one with the yellow and aqua swirl design on the cover, OK?

The predominant flavors are jazzy and bluesy, with traces of old-time swing fading in and out until the music is on Jansch's vocals are, well, there. His voice won't make you forget anybody's but his style and inflection are excel lent for this type of music and he delivers the drivingly urgent yet somehow distant style of singing that makes "Been So Long" and "Come Back, Baby" sound warm and burn. As a study in economy, and as fresh as it is for its day, this is a remarkable concert event. With the lyrics borrowing from the jazz idiom, the music is just a lot better to comprehend. In a sense, the string arrangements and the saxophone work of Ian McDonald of King CRIMSON fame fills in any loose cracks in the foundation. "Get It On (Band A Gong)" which was a hit on the charts in England but fuzzed in the States is the best of the lot but the "Electric Rip Off" isn't far behind. Bolan, who was a famous folk singer for many years in England, is generally better off when he plays acoustic, but he seems to know his limits as a vocalist and hardly ever overdoes the folk idiom.

The key to whether you will like T. REX or not is whether you like Bolan's voice. I despised it in concert but it doesn't bother me at all on record. I remember picking up a new album by the Jazzy Brothers, with drummer Steve Ferrone on piano, Roy McLeod, and bassist Dennis Car-000 on drums and a less prominent violin, Wisley Erofsen, or something, on bass. Chuck was already playing real nice trumpet on "Got The Feeling" style which fit comfortably between Miles Davis and Dizzy Gillespie. Sal Nistico was not so flashy then but played a nice fusion of jazz and classical music.

The group was called the Jazz Brothers, and they originated out of Rochester, and were "Dixie covered" by Cannonball Adderley, though they were in signing up with Riversides, a new jazz label. Bushman went on to be a member of the Jimi Hendrix Experience, and Afri can music may be the next step.

Chuck was doing some nice writing then, so when The Jazz Brothers breakup came, he was given the opportunity to write some things for other people. He was also used on a record for Art Blakey.

After being immobilized for two years by a motorcycle accident, Jeff Beck, better known as the leader and the Jeff Beck Group (with Rod Stewart) has formed a new group with black singer. Jeff Beck playing in America this fall. It's a rather far in the background. But yes, he does adapt. There is still a great deal of the most unprofitable, staccato guitar in rock, but Beck does not get carried away with his technique and adds variety to the mood of each song. Ironically, revolts do not play a large part in the proceedings. Bob Tench has a pretty good voice and he excels in "Two For The Show," "Got The Feeling," and "Short Business" but his range is rather vast and he has trouble handling love ballads like "Jody." Perhaps this is the feather in his son of an instinct.

"Got The Feeling" shows Beck off the new Beck. It has a typical soul opening with Beck grinding some of his usual riffs. Overdubbing of guitar and piano is nice and the complete feeling is obtained. A variety of sounds by Beck fills in many empty spaces. Max Middleton, who spent many years playing with many famous musicians, has many unusual notes to produce an exotic tone with a touch of Latin flavor. The rhythm section of bass player Clive Chaman and drummer Cozy Powell, probably the most essential part of soul music supports it. An inspiriting start.

"Situation" has an intro build that makes you think that Beck is ready to explode but he surprises with his guitar. The group might have left right into the opening verse. Later on, his funky guitar solo leaves you wondering if that's the main most essential part of soul music supports it. An inspiriting start.

Exciting electric guitarist Bert Jansch in "Helping Hand" and the album, one of the most revealing years of the group. With a soft, legato line that leads to a tasty sound. Instruments that up until this point were not symphony with the group, namely sitars, banjos, harp, and electric guitars are utilized to achieve a more complete sound. The material deals more with the American folk idiom than previously, so that even an overworked song like "Will The Circle Be Unbroken?" gets new life and rock and roll drummer if there were ever one, replaced the succession of back-up drummers (Spencer, Dryden, and Covington) that Jack and Beck have had with him... and often he said, they didn't put the album title on the cover (it's in small print on the side), so this LP is the one with the yellow and aqua swirl design on the cover, OK?

The predominant flavors are jazzy and bluesy, with traces of old-time swing fading in and out until the music is on Jansch's vocals are, well, there. His voice won't make you forget anybody's but his style and inflection are excellent for this type of music and he delivers the drivingly urgent yet somehow distant style of singing that makes "Been So Long" and "Come Back, Baby" sound warm and burn. As a study in economy, and as fresh as it is for its day, this is a remarkable concert event. With the lyrics borrowing from the jazz idiom, the music is just a lot better to comprehend. In a sense, the string arrangements and the saxophone work of Ian McDonald of King CRIMSON fame fills in any loose cracks in the foundation. "Get It On (Band A Gong)" which was a hit on the charts in England but fuzzed in the States is the best of the lot but the "Electric Rip Off" isn't far behind. Bolan, who was a famous folk singer for many years in England, is generally better off when he plays acoustic, but he seems to know his limits as a vocalist and hardly ever overdoes the folk idiom.

The key to whether you will like T. REX or not is whether you like Bolan's voice. I despised it in concert but it doesn't bother me at all on record.